

The Return of The Fischers

Mrs. Waldvogel had not finished her third cup of afternoon coffee when Mrs. Fischer came in. Four months before Mrs. Fischer had said farewell to all of her friends, for she was returning to Germany to live in peace, comfort, quiet and comparative luxury after years of hard work in America. Mrs. Waldvogel asked no questions. Like a sensible woman she poured a cup of coffee and cut some cake for the unexpected guest. Then Mrs. Fischer explained, without being pressed, and she spoke in English, though German came more natural to her.

"Ach," she said, shaking her head dolefully, "what a mistake! Nothing what I thought. Potsdam is still beautiful, yes; but the living had me near crazy. I like to live good and I can pay for it. But my own mother, near 80 though she is, says right away: 'In heaven's name, Freda, do your servants eat what you do on the table?'"

"And why not? There was so much cooked, so much meat, so much vegetables, and what was left over they could have. But no. Mother was after me."

"You'll ruin everything with your American ways. All our good servants will be ruined and want meat three times the week. Count them out their coffee beans. Weigh them out the lard for our cold, rye bread. Let them have an onion to eat, or the fat of the ham. Let them have their good, nourishing, fine bean soup. Give them wuerst to eat once the week. But, Freda, don't let them have meat. It makes them lazy. And the butter and eggs! Oh, this America; this America! It has spoiled me my own child!"

"You'll ruin the servants here," she said, walking up and down wringing her hands. "A mark, or two marks for the New Year. Very good! But will you give a mark here and a mark there every time they do the work they should do?"

"Then she came back to the way I fed them and paid them. Three good girls they were, and the cook only had 25 marks a month. It was too much. I must pay her 22, or maybe she'd work for 21, or 20. Always looking to give them a mark less, a little food less, or food that was cheaper. Always must I watch to see they didn't eat too much, or that they didn't waste, or that they didn't send food out."

"I knew what my table cost, and what I was getting and should get. But no, mother would have it that I must get more and save and save. Butter was high, so I must give my people lard or beef drippings. For a treat when they tried out the lard they could have the cracklings with apples. But the other fat must be kept away from them so they could not eat too much. Let them have their crumb cake three nights the week. But a couple of pieces from my own table! I was not to think of it."

"By the way my mother and the rest of the family acted one would think I had insulted the Kaiser, or didn't know how to run my own household. I was getting good work from my servants, and if people would leave me alone I could be comfortable. Then my friends began. How could they with their stinky little incomes be extravagant like Americans? I was acting as if I was making every penny on air. I was making every penny discontented with their lot. I gave the grocer boy a mark because he was such a bright, obliging little fellow. A week after the grocer blamed me because the boy ran away to America. Then outside people began to want to get things from me. The storekeepers tried to charge me a little more. For my own family I was a Christmas tree, and I had to settle little bills that Max ran up or I had to buy an outfit for Martha that she should look well and get a husband."

"Always they had their hands out to me, every one. You know well enough how it was with us. We were not rich, maybe if we have \$5,000 a year we are lucky. What is that? And what of all my man was money. One night the trouble came when my mother and sister and some friends were by me and telling what I must do. My man Otto he ups with his cigar and throws it right on the carpet and says in English:

"Oh, hang it! I wish I was in Yorkville. I'm going home."

"They knew he was mad, but they didn't know what he said. Right before the whole of them I hugged and kissed him."

"Otto," I said, crying. "It's the happiest day of my life."

"Everything we sold right away and came back. Ach, no, Mrs. Waldvogel, it's not the same! For a visit, yes. To live there, no. I was born in Germany and me and Otto, having no children, wanted to end our days there. But when I saw away from New York, with its tall buildings, I cried like a little girl coming home."

"Be ashamed!" said Otto to me, making out to be mad. "Keep still!"

"I did not say anything, but the man was near crying with gladness himself."

"I know," said Mrs. Waldvogel, placidly. "Four years ago we went over, may be to stay. We were back in three months. It's like having to live on a dollar a day, with every one to tell you how you must spend it. Why, my Reinhold said he didn't like even the beer. It had no snap to it. So I knew you'd be back. That's why I didn't bother to write."

THEORIST IN DEEP TROUBLE.

He Cannot Understand Why Things Disappear When They Are Not in Constant Use.

"Did you ever notice," asked the theorist, "how a thing will disappear if you don't use it for awhile? Leave it around your room for awhile and it will vanish."

"Easy enough," said the practical man. "The servant sweeps it into the wastebasket."

"Not at all," said the theorist. "Try the experiment of having two of anything and use one, and the other will disappear. I mislaid my pocketknife a few weeks ago and bought another. I found my old one that night and carried both in my pocket for awhile, always using the new one. In the course of time the old one vanished—vanished magically from my pocket."

"You dropped it," said the practical man.

"Why didn't I drop the new one?" asked the theorist. "And why is it always that way? I had a new key made for my office desk, under the impression that there was something wrong with the old one. There wasn't. I carried both of them on a ring. After awhile the old one, which I didn't use, vanished off the key ring."

"At home I use an eyeshade for reading at night. I had two, one light and one heavy. Lately I have been using the heavy one alone, keeping the light one in a drawer. Today I opened the drawer and found the light one gone. Do you think the maid opened the drawer so as to find something to sequester for the wastebasket?"

"Bosh!" said the practical man. "Try it," said the theorist.

BLOSSOMS THAT DO NOT MIX

Florist Tells of a Few Things He Has Learned in His Business of Handling Flowers.

The florist frowned as he took up an order for a table decoration. "That will never do," he muttered. After calling up the customer and suggesting a change, he told his new clerk a few things.

"You must never take an order that calls for a mixture of mignonette and roses," he said. "A centerpiece of those two flowers wouldn't last half through the luncheon. They simply wilt one another. I don't know why, but they can't get along together."

"It is true of many flowers. Pansies, for instance, last twice as long as if they are not combined with any other flower, and the same may be said of violets. Jonquills and daffodils, on the other hand, seem to get a new lease of life if you combine considerable green with them. Carnations will go all to pieces if you combine them with roses, although the roses do not seem to be affected."

"It is more striking in combinations of green with flowers. If you try to use an entirely different type of foliage from what the flower is used to, it won't last so long. So I never put feathery foliage with lilies of the valley, for you know its natural foliage is a thick leaf. I never use thick leaves with carnations, for their foliage is of the feathery type. It isn't as though the flowers fought, but they seem to grieve at being misunderstood."

Calvin a Man of the World.

Calvin had many advantages. He was not a scholar merely, he was a man of the world. He had traveled, was familiar with the life of courts, was on terms of intimate friendship with many of the most distinguished persons of his day. He had a commanding intellect, a literary style which was the envy and admiration of the learned. He knew law as well as he did theology. French as well as he did Latin. His grasp of a wide range of subjects and his attention to detail were things to marvel at. Add to these an inexhaustible patience and a bulldog tenacity of purpose, a vivid human interest and an amazing capacity for work, and we begin to understand how it was that this penniless and sticky foreigner who came to Geneva in the first instance so utterly unknown and without prestige as to figure in the records merely as "a Frenchman," ended by setting his stamp so ineffably upon the place that it remains there even to our own day—Century.

Opinions of Others.

I never felt known any man so bad, but some have thought him honest and afforded him love; nor any one so good but some have thought him vile and hated him. Few are so thoroughly wicked as not to be estimable to some; and few are so just as not to seem unequal; ignorance, envy and partiality enter much into the opinions we form of others. Nor can a man, in himself, always appear alike to all. In some, nature has made a disparity; in some, report has blinded judgment; and in others accident is the cause of disposing us to love or hate.—Owen Felltham.

Cajoling an Indian God.

A story comes from Gorakhpur, India, to the effect that two boys went to the river side to invoke the water god Mahadeo. They recited "mantras" at some length, but Mahadeo did not appear. Whereupon the lads contrived to hasten his coming by cutting at each other's throat with a sword, suggesting thereby to the recalcitrant that their lives were in danger. This method of invocation proving abortive as well, they both jumped into the river. One was drowned, but the other returned to his right mind and ran home to tell his story.

SANITATION OF THE STATE FAIR GROUNDS.

The State Fair officials are taking every precaution to protect the exhibition of live stock at the 1909 meeting which opens Sept. 2. They have made arrangements for the complete sanitation of the live stock and, in fact, the entire show buildings and grounds during the Fair time.

Before any animals are brought into their quarters, all stables, barns, etc., will be thoroughly cleaned of any refuse that may have accumulated there, and then they will be thoroughly and completely disinfected so as to prevent any possibility of disease being acquired from the condition of the grounds before the live stock arrives.

During the entire time of the Fair a constant attendance of a corps of expert assistants will be continuously disinfecting all the live stock and buildings, so that it will prevent any possible outbreak of contagious diseases while on the grounds.

Arrangements will be made for parties who wish to have their stock sprayed before entering the grounds, and the fact that Messrs. Parke, Davis & Company will have this matter in charge, and will use the disinfectant Kresol for the purpose, is sufficient to know that it will be done properly and effectively.

This fair has taken care of over 200 large exhibitions of this description, and by using Kresol have prevented any outbreak of disease; this is certainly a safeguard against any such troubles that otherwise might arise.

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FASTEST HORSE IN THE WORLD.

Dan Patch Will Race Minor Heir to Beat the World's Record.

Horse lovers and all followers of the racing game will be given an unusual treat at the Michigan State Fair Sept. 2-10 when they see Dan Patch (1:55) and Minor Heir (1:59 1/2) fight it out for the world's championship honors.

M. W. Savage, who for several years has been the owner of Dan Patch, recently purchased Minor Heir for \$45,000 and has consented to let these two world's fastest harness horses appear in a series of races.

True to his love, Mr. Savage insists that as long as Dan Patch stays right he will be able to defend the championship against all comers, even against the fleet son of Heir-at-Law.

Mr. Savage has given orders that both horses be trained to the minute and that when they go their race exhibitions each shall be driven to his limit so that there will be an honest test of speed, gameness and stamina.

There are some horsemen who believe that Minor Heir will develop as great, if not greater, speed than Dan Patch. He was a green racer last year, and as such gave some of the most wonderful performances on record. He has a terrific flight of speed, and if under the scientific care of Harry Hersey, he can be fitted so as to hold his lick for a mile, he will give Dan Patch all he can get.

From present indications it is evident that the Michigan State Fair never had so popular a drawing card as the scheduled race between these two world's champions.

Thousands of people will go to Detroit for the opportunity merely to see these two champion horses go in one of the great races in the history of the world.

While discussing the two horses a short time ago Mr. Henry C. Hersey, superintendent of Mr. Savage's farm, and famous as the trainer and driver of Dan Patch, had the following to say:

"I am now working Dan and Minor Heir twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. I am repeating them now, giving each the last mile around 2:35. I will continue in this way until I begin working each horse four heats on Tuesdays and Fridays, Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays and Saturdays the horses are now jogged about four or five miles, and I will continue this after the more severe work is in progress."

"My plan is gradually to work them up to faster miles and to keep them as big and strong as possible. Dan Patch now weighs 1,100 and will work down to about 1,075 pounds, when he is fit for great miles. His rival now tips the scales at 1,020 pounds and will weigh in close to 1,000 pounds when he is ready."

"I want to keep them both as big as I can and still have them hard and not fat. I am slowly working off the surplus fat, changing it into muscle."

"At present I am giving Minor Heir a little more jogging and a trifle stiffer work than the champion. He needs to develop more staying qualities. The physical condition of each horse seems perfect. They have plenty of lick and are feeling almost too good. Dan never looked better at this time of the year."

MAKES A FINE SHOWING.

Michigan State Fair One of the Nation's Best.

While the Michigan State Fair is not blessed with the liberal legislative aid that goes to similar institutions, it makes a showing that puts others far in the shade.

Last year the total attendance was 166,000. At the same time Wisconsin showed only 122,000; New York, 146,000; Kentucky, 102,000; Ohio, 124,472; Nebraska, 115,500; Spokane Interstate, 114,865; Indiana, 145,000. Michigan's net profits were \$46,000. That of Wisconsin, \$4,487.30; New York, \$29,000; Kentucky, \$12,000; Ohio, \$12,899.22; Iowa, \$14,124.48; Nebraska, \$24,300; Spokane Interstate, \$9,715.51; Illinois, \$7,600; South Dakota, \$583.97; Oklahoma, \$14,349.80. Michigan's total disbursements, not including amount for improvements, were \$94,548.39; Wisconsin, \$30,737.70; New York, \$70,000; Kentucky, \$38,000; Ohio, \$44,444.00; Iowa, \$49,321; Nebraska, \$12,750; Spokane Interstate, \$73,559.14; Illinois, \$40,000; South Dakota, \$36,946.97; Oklahoma, \$44,918.



Having is over and has again proved that "This is the land of clover," notwithstanding the early severe month, the crop is satisfactory, and the promise of the field saved for seed is a record breaker.

We give the above cut as an object lesson, it showing the growth of clover, on the light land south of the flooring mill and joining the new county poor farm, a patch of land fully as light as the average patch land in this county. Mr. Kerry has used no commercial fertilizer on the plot nor attempted any fancy farming.

Views from the State Fair.



D. U. R. Electric Depot and Yards at the State Fair, Detroit.



Showing Sheep at the State Fair, Detroit.



Some of the many commodious stock barns on the State Fair Grounds, Detroit.

Great Men Fond of Tea.

Like all things in the world tea met with opposition at the first thought or knowledge of it. There were some who called it a filthy custom, while others held that it would dwarf the body and destroy personal beauty. Samuel Johnson tells us that he was "a hardened and shameless tea drinker, who for 20 years diluted his meals with only the infusion of his fascinating plant; who with tea amused the evening, with tea welcomed the midnight, and with tea welcomed the morning." Thackeray, Shakespeare and Lamb were all devotees to the taccup. "Meanwhile, let us have a sip of tea. The afternoon glow is brightening the bamboo, the fountains are bubbling with delight, the soughing of the pines is heard in our kettle. Let us dream, evanescent, and linger in the beautiful foolishness of things."

Peculiarity of Cats' Fur.

Cats' fur has no oily substance in it, and consequently is more easily washed through than that of most other animals.

H. H. Merriman, M. D. Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE:
East of Opera House.
Night Calls at residence, first house south of M. F. Church.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.
MARIUS HANSON
PROPRIETOR.
Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.
MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

GEO. L. ALEXANDER ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Pine Lands
Bought and sold on Commission.
None-Residents' Lands looked after.
Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of Bank of Grayling.

J. W. Tomlinson M. D. Physician and Surgeon

Office over post office. Night Calls made from Office. Grayling City Telephone No. 7.
Grayling, Mich.

C. A. Canfield, D.D.S. DENTIST

OFFICE:
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.
Office hours: 8:30-11 a. m. 1-3:30 p. m.

O. Palmer ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY

Prosecuting Attorney for Crawford Co. FIRE INSURANCE.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on the third day of August, A. D. 1909.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Erasmus Purchase, deceased.

Kolla W. Brink having filed in said court his final administration account, and his petition praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered, that the 27th day of August, A. D. 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVA-LANCHE newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON,
Judge of Probate.

Fire Alarm Calls.

Directions for turning in Alarm.
Break glass and turn the lever once around until it stops; you can only turn it one way. Do not turn in a second time, until lever has stopped moving.

No. of Box Where Located.
19—Michigan and Peninsular Avenues, near Olson's drug store.
28—Michigan Avenue and Spruce east of Court House.
32—Michigan Avenue and Norway St. M. C. R. R. Depot.
37—Ottawa Street at Horse House.
43—Ogemaw and Cedar streets, near McKay House.
46—Spruce and Ionia streets, near Julius Nelson's house.
54—Michigan Ave. and Park street near Chris Hanson's house.
55—Ogemaw and Maple streets near John Hanson's house.
64—Selling Hanson Co. Planing mill.
73—Selling, Hanson Co. Band mill.
82—Kerry, Hanson, Flooring mill.
91—Railroad Reserve, south side on Electric light pole.

The whistle will blow off the number after the general alarm has been given.

Spartan Upbringing.
Lord Kitchener's father, who was rather a Spartan parent, was also a soldier; but in Ireland he turned his attention to breeding pigs as a source of income. Kitchener and his brother had to drive the pigs to market. They were sent off without breakfast, and had to do without their meal on their return if their pigs remained unsold.

S. N. Insley, M. D. Physician and Surgeon

Office over Lewis & Co's Drug Store,
Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m.
Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Village Officers.

President.....John F. Hum Clerk.....S. S. Phelps Assessor.....Fred Nunnin Treasurer.....R. Regan Trustees—R. W. Brink, Hans Peterson, C. T. Jerome, S. N. Insley, Chas. McCullough, W. Love.
COMMITTEES.
Finance, Claims and Accounts—Brink Peterson and McCullough.
Streets, Sidewalks, Bridges and Sewers—Peterson, Insley and Love.
Water Works, Lighting, and Fire Apparatus—Insley, Jerome, Brink, Printing and License—McCullough, Love and Jerome.
Health and Public Safety—Jerome, McCullough and Insley.
Ordinances—Peterson, Brink, Insley, Industrial—Love, Peterson, Insley.

Society Meetings.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor Rev. H. H. Mooms. Preaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. School at 9 a. m. Epworth League, 6:00 p. m. Bible study Monday 7:30 p. m. Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:00 p. m. All cordially invited to attend.

Presbyterian Church.
Regular church services at 10 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:00 o'clock. Rev. J. Humphrey Fleming, Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church.
Rev. R. Cunningham, Pastor. Services as follows: Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school 11:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend the above services.

Danish Ev. Lutheran Church.
Rev. P. Kjolhede, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Biblical Lecture Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church.
Services every first and third Sunday of the month. Consecration on Thursday, August 19, 1909, at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Vespers and Benediction at 7 o'clock p. m. J. J. Riess, Pastor.

Grayling Lodge No. 356 F. & A. M.
Meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. R. W. BRINK, W. M. J. F. HUM, Secretary.

Marvin Post No. 240, G. A. R.
Meets the second and fourth Saturdays of each month. D. S. WALDRON, Post Com. A. L. FOND, Adjutant.

Women's Relief Corps, No. 162.
Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. MRS. RHODA EVERETT, President. MRS. JAMES HAVENS, Sec.

Grayling Chapter R. A. M. No. 120
Meets every third Tuesday in each month. G. W. TYLER, H. P. J. F. HUM, Sec.

Grayling Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 137
Meets every Tuesday evening. PETER BORCHERS, Sec.

Crawford Tent, K. O. T. M. M. 195
Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. GEO. CRANDALL, Com. Wm. WOODFIELD, E. K.

Grayling Chapter, O. E. S., No. 63;
Meets Wednesday evening on the first of the month. MRS. EMMA MILLER, W. M. MRS. KATE WINNIE, Sec.

Court Grayling, I. O. F. No. 790
Meets second and last Wednesday of each month. L. B. BATES, C. R. F. M. FREELAND, H. S.

Companion Court Grayling No. 852, I. O. F.
Meets the second and last Wednesday each month at Macedonia Hall, over H. Peterson's store. MARIA HAMMOND, C. R. MRS. NELLIE McNEVIN, Sec.

Crawford Hive, 690, L. O. T. M. M.
Meets first and third Friday of each month. ANNIE ISENHAUER, Record Keeper.

Garfield Circle, No. 16, Ladies of the G. A. R.
Meets the second and fourth Friday evening in each month. ANNA HARRINGTON, President. CORDELIA McCLAIN, Secretary.

Crawford County Grange, No. 634
Meets at 10 o'clock P. M. Hall, first and third Saturday of each month at 10 p. m. ELIZA BROTT, Master. PERRY OSTRANDER, Secretary.

M. W. O. A. Camp No. 10428.
Meets alternate Thursday evenings at G. A. R. Hall. ED. G. CLARK, V. C. M. A. BATES, Clerk.

Grayling Rebekah Lodge No. 352 I. O. O. F.
Meets every Monday evening. PETER BORCHERS, Sec. FRATT, N. G. ANNA ISENHAUER, Sec.

Grayling Lodge 473 I. B. of M. of W. E.
Meets every second and last Monday in each month. C. CLINE, Pres. W. J. LYNCH, Sec.

Skandinavien F. F.
Meets the 2nd and 4th Saturday of each month. PETER SVENSEN, N. President. JOHN OLSON, Secretary.

Danebod Hall.
Open Saturday evening 8:30-9:30. Sunday 9:00-9:30 p. m. Young People's Society meets the first and third Saturday of every month. Lecture all other Thursday evenings.

Unity Lodge No. 1362 M. B. A.
Meets the first and third Thursday of each month in the Macedonia Hall. FRANK P. D. BORCHERS, Sec.

Cleveland Mayor's 3 Cent Carfare Grant Beaten in Referendum.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson on Tuesday received the most severe defeat of his career in Cleveland when the Schmidt street railway grant was turned down at the referendum election by a majority of 3,763 votes after a campaign which has been the most bitter of recent years. The vote stood: For the grant, 31,022; against, 34,785.

The Schmidt grant provided for a 3 cent fare line on Payne avenue for a distance of two and one-half miles and was intended as the basis of a system that would absorb all the franchises of the Cleveland railway com-



TOM L. JOHNSON.

pany as they expired next January, and force a settlement of the eight years' fight on terms to suit Johnson.

With the defeat of the Schmidt grant, the alternative evidently desired by the public is the so-called Taylor plan, suggested by Federal Judge Taylor, which provides that new grants shall be made to the Cleveland Railway Company on the basis of an income of 6 per cent to the stockholders at a fair valuation, the fare to be as low as this income will allow with good service on all lines.

Mayor Johnson early admitted his defeat and stated that the fight would go on even though he is beaten at the majority election in the fall. What move he will make next has not been announced.

TURK ULTIMATUM TO GREECE.

Porte Demands Declaration of Non-Interference in Cretan Affairs.

The Porte has sent a note to Greece demanding a formal declaration by that country of non-interference in Cretan affairs. In the event of a refusal to accede to the demand, Turkey will break off diplomatic relations with Greece.

Crete was evacuated by the international troops on July 26, and the following day the Greek flag was run up at the fortress and the militia barracks at Cania, the capital of the island. The Cretans lost no time in testing the disposition of the Powers, which had promised Turkey that they would protect the Porte's suzerainty. Since then there has been continuous unrest on the island. The Macedonian and Cretan situation is considered exceedingly grave in Washington.

KILLED AT "DEATH CURVE."

Chicago-Whiting Electric Car Run Down by Suburban Train.

"Death curve," an unguarded crossing on the Hegewisch branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad Lines at 104th street and Indianapolis avenue, Chicago, was the scene of a collision Thursday evening between a Chicago-Whiting electric car and a Pennsylvania suburban train, in which the street car was demolished, the conductor was killed and fifty-three men, women and children were injured, some of them perhaps fatally. The conductor of the electric car, who died three hours later, the motorman and two of the more seriously injured passengers were hurled to the South Chicago hospital, and most of the other passengers are at the Englewood Union and St. Bernard hospitals in Englewood, having been taken there on the same train that wrecked the electric car.

Hog Cholera Cure Is Found.

J. H. Mercer, government live stock sanitary inspector, is proving the efficiency of serum treatment of hogs for cholera prevention. He is making tests at the Kansas City stock yards and has given the serum and anti-cholera treatment to animals which were kept in the same pen with hogs that were given cholera virus and afterward died.

Wind, Rain and Hail Do Damage.

Heavy damage resulted from a fierce storm of wind, rain, lightning and hail that swept over Western Pennsylvania, doing incalculable damage. The Roman Catholic Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul in the fashionable east end district of Pittsburgh was struck by lightning and so badly damaged that it will likely be razed.

Boy Beats Girl to Death.

A Swedish murder, committed at Boylston, N. S., came to light the other day. Andrew Isard, 13-year-old negro, in the absence of his parents, tied the 6-year-old daughter of Mrs. Annie Ash to a tree and beat her to death. Young Isard has been arrested.

Billions Feet of Water Loose.

The Empire reservoir nineteen miles northwest of Fort Morgan, Colo., holding 2,500,000,000 feet of water, broke Monday night, releasing 1,000,000,000 feet, causing \$500,000 damage to ranches and rushing down the south Platte river. No lives were lost.

Texas Validates School Bonds.

In an election held over the State of Texas Tuesday the people adopted a constitutional amendment validating upward of \$2,000,000 worth of school district bonds which the courts had held to be illegal.

Two Killed by Cracked Man.

S. V. McDonald, farmer, temporarily insane, shot and killed his wife and a neighbor, Mrs. C. J. Thompson, and the latter's wife, near Chetopa, Okla. He then shot himself after attempting to shoot his wife.

Peace Preserved.

"It's hardly worth while to buy a lawn mower for just twenty-five feet. Let's get one together."

Quite a Scheme.

"You send me violets every morning. I'd like the beautiful girl."

No Matter What the Cost.

"I do," responded the ardent lover, "no matter what the cost."

A Bunch of Asparagus to-morrow.

"It would be just as expensive and would make a big hit with pa."

Dodging Work.

"It's too hot to do housework," sighed the wife.

I Know It Is.

"Let's go and spend a few days with the Browns at their summer cottage. They'll be tickled to death to have us."

Peace Preserved.

"It's hardly worth while to buy a lawn mower for just twenty-five feet. Let's get one together."

No, thanks, Mr. Naybors.

"No, thanks, Mr. Naybors. I value your friendship too much."

Worn with excitement, she said

"No, it is you. You do not need the voice of love, and they love you."

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KEPT IN PERFECT PEACE.

By E. T. Willis, L.L.D.

Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on Thee, because he trusteth in Thee.—Isaiah 26: 3.

It is to be noted that man does not keep himself in peace, for in the sense of this grace that would, in fact, be impossible. But it is a gift. Jesus said, "My peace I give unto you; not as the world giveth give I unto you."

It is also to be noted that it is a perfect peace, for, indeed, God's peace could be nothing less, and it passes all human understanding. Like the gracious God by whom it is imparted, it is incomprehensible even to him who experiences it. It is perfect in its nature and perfect in its work, imparting a divine calmness and serenity of soul and a sweet, heavenly rest that the world can never give nor take away.

This peace does not occupy the world of material things; its realm is in the hearts and minds of men. He is kept in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on God. The world promises only tribulations, persecutions and afflictions, disappointments, heartaches and death. Its sweetest smiles are delusive, its trusted friendships bring danger, and its brightest hopes are fraught with evil. But God does not leave alone and unaided the soul that is stayed on Him. He is an ever present help in the time of trouble. He gives and sustains such peace of mind and composure of soul in the thickest of the fight that one can say: "The Lord is my light and my salvation; whom shall I fear? The Lord is the strength of my life; of whom shall I be afraid?" For greater is He who abides in the trusting heart than all the combined forces of the world, the flesh and the devil. The soul kept in perfect peace can say when it comes to the valley of shadows, "I fear no evil, for Thou art with me."

And what is the secret of this sweet peace, the gift of God's love? It is all summed up in one word—trust—"because he trusteth in God; faith that takes Him at His word. It is that condition of mind that lays hold on God and yields all unto Him in perfect confidence. This giving up of all to God and the staying of the mind on God means three things—prayer, obedience and happiness. This giving up of all to God and the staying of the mind on God means three things—prayer, obedience and happiness. There is no hour so free from care or so exempt from temptations, and this that will not be brightened and sweetened if we direct our thought in faith to God, looking through what may seem to be a "frowning Providence" to the "smiling face" of divine love and mercy beyond. Listen to this intonation of all comprehensive prescription for human happiness: "In nothing be anxious; but in everything by prayer and supplication, with thanksgiving, let your requests be made known to God." And the peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall keep your hearts and your minds in Christ Jesus." Here is prayer, including supplication and thanksgiving. The hand of faith stretched out in earnest prayer relieves the heart from worry and anxious care and brings sweet peace and contentment—that calm, trustful, responsive prayer that believes in God's love and that lays the soul down upon His bosom, that in Him it may find rest.

It goes one step further in faith, rendering unquestioning obedience. God is yearning to bestow this grace in lavish abundance. Hear Him: "On that thou hast hearkened unto my commandments. Then had thy peace been as a river, and thy righteousness as the waves of the sea." Peace as a river—that is abundant, free, full, living and never failing. It includes all other divine gifts, and the mind that is so stayed on God, through trust in Him, is kept in security and happiness, for deep down in the soul, far beyond any disturbances from any earthly enmity or ill, there flows from the throne of God, an eternal and gladdening river of peace.

EDUCATION AND LIFE.

By Henry F. Cope.

"They go from strength to strength."—Psalms 84:7.

Education is the duty of everyone. Many will be quite unable to withdraw from business and spend years in studious seclusion; necessity will drive them forth to the shop and the store, but life will never permit them to cease to grow or to forgive them if their powers lie dormant and undeveloped. They must either grow or die. No accidents of birth or place make this law less binding on us; each according to his powers must seek larger powers, each according to his world must make a larger world. The more talents life places in our hands the more will the universe demand of us at last, but never less than was given be demanded nor even as much be sufficient.

The saddest sin of all is failure here.

to stagnate in life, to cease to grow and to begin to die, to fall back into the animal and almost into the vegetable kingdom. Death is already the lot of those who will not seek more life. To become merely a machine in the shop or a cash box in the office is to miss your chance in life, to fail utterly at living, no matter how much you may succeed at being a dead piece of business machinery.

The great message of religion is just here;

it is ever saying to a man, you have values that are not in things, you have possibilities and powers that cannot be measured in terms of things. Life is yours; all things and circumstances are but its tools and agencies. Learn to live, not for the tools that perish, but for the real self, that which is eternal.

Salvation is growth, sin is failure to grow,

missing our possibilities, turning aside from life's true and high

aims and permitting that which dulls the fine faculties, sears over-sensitiveness to the things of the soul, and prevents the life from finding its fullness.

This is the real joy of living, to know more, feel more, see more, to enter into a larger universe, to be able to do more and to be able to give more of the self and of one's service to our day. Greatness comes from such growth, and such greatness lies within the power of all. Few may climb the pedestals of fame, but all may open the heart and the imagination to the wealth of life about them.

The great writers, musicians, preachers, thinkers, are great because they are our teachers; they open up new worlds to us, they aid us to enrich our lives. But elements of greatness lie about us in the common things of life. Our nearest neighbors have something for us; every man is a soul; in each man we may, as we will, find either the great and the inspiring or the trivial and life destroying.

In every circumstance of life lies either enriching or impoverishing, just as we may approach it; its content is for us to determine. Daily duties may be seen as a part of great and glorious service for all the world, or they may be seen as a part of the devil's mill. He who drives a nail into a packing case may see that he is serving the universe and so reach his life out into its great breadth, or he may see himself as a slave at a soul-dwarfing task.

The test of every day and of every life is just here: is a man so living as to make life mean more and to make his life worth more? No dreams of heavenly bliss can set us free from this obligation to gain more life, and no speculations about the worth of our own soul can set us free from the obligation to live so as to have a life worth giving to our world and efficient powers with which to serve our day.

He who has found the joy of the life that goes from strength to strength, that treats of the food of the spirit, that companions with the great of all ages, that finds more life and rejoices in being able to give more life, he who finds life more abundant springing up within at every step of the way, has no fears as to life beyond; the potency of the present is the promise of the future.

Somehow in the life that thus grows, that finds in all about it the sources of strength and the avenues of service, there comes a sense of a larger, all-embracing life, the life of a father of spirits, the fullness of a power and affection toward which one presses, in which is found the hope and aim of all life, the source and end of being and in that sense of life all living finds unity and reason.

KEY TO HAPPINESS AND JOY.

By Rev. A. MacDonald Booth.

These things have I spoken unto you, that My joy might remain in you and that your joy might be full.—John 15: 2.

All music is composed from the one scale, comprising seven notes. Good and bad music, dirge and anthem, all are made up from these notes and their modifications.

In like manner all the varieties of character are developed from a few notes with combinations. By naming these terms as we do in music or in the scale of colors, with which there is also a parallel, we get this ascending scale: Birth, physical impulse, reason, faith, hope, love and joy.

Jesus came to earth that human lives might become anthems instead of dirges and be filled with joy and gladness. Any life which is under the sway of physical impulse only must be subject to all kinds of bitter passions and can never be filled with peace and joy.

The life which boasts of its complete control by reason cannot be ideal, for there is much in man that is higher than reason. Moving up the scale, we discover faith to be the primal force and energy of the moral realm, the world of personalities. When we critically inspect the steamship or interrogate the captain we are using our reasoning powers, but when we commit our well-being to the care of the captain and ship to cross an unknown sea it is the moral force inherent in faith, and that only, which gives the power to do it. Faith holds the same relative position in the realm of personality that physical energy does in the realm of the material. It furnishes vital energy for the moral and religious life.

But we must pass above faith to hope, for hope opens vistas of possibility and inspires faith to new ventures, becoming the means of moral and spiritual vision. By it Columbus saw new worlds in floating reeds, which faith, seeking afar, found. "Every one that hath this hope in him," said the apostle, referring to the life to come, "purifieth himself."

Greater than all is love, of which Jesus was speaking when He pointed the simple way to the happy life. Love is the final condition of entrance into it. The capacity for joy or happiness is one of the most powerful factors in our being. When grief gives place to joy a new lease of life is issued. The very chemistry of the blood is changed. This powerful emotion of joy is attendant upon well-doing and well-being. Jesus was eminently faithful in all His work, conquering temptation and "becoming obedient even unto death," dwelling always in the consciousness of the Father's love; therefore His life was full of joy. "If you do as I am doing," He said, "keeping God's commands and abiding in His love, My joy shall be in you and your capacity for joy shall be full."

Consciously or not, by putting the chief emphasis on one or another note, we choose a keynote for our character and destiny. Theoretically we may choose joy as the keynote and practically put the emphasis upon impulse or some other note and wonder why our life is not full of joy. The keynote for Jesus was love. This put Him in touch with God, who is love, and the consciousness of God's love made hope buoyant, inspired faith, illumined reason and led impulses captive. Joy and happiness could not be absent from such a life. This joy will come to other lives and their joy will be full as they follow this ideal life.



THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN.

1492—Columbus embarked from Palos on his first voyage of discovery.

1619—First legislative assembly in America met at Jamestown, Va.

1684—Treaty of peace concluded at Albany between the Colonists and the Five Nations.

1711—A British and Colonial fleet sailed from Boston for the conquest of Canada.

1773—The city of Guatemala laid in ruin by the earthquake and the eruption of a volcano.

1776—The Declaration of Independence was engraved and signed by the members of Congress.

1782—Rhode Island refused to give Congress the power to levy an import duty of 5 per cent.

1789—First issue of the Pittsburgh Gazette, the first newspaper west of the Allegheny mountains.

1794—Fall of Robespierre and end of the Reign of Terror.

1795—Commissioners of the United States met the Indian chiefs of Western tribes at Greenville, Ohio, and concluded a treaty of peace.

1802—First issue of the Western Spy at Cincinnati.

1816—First Presbyterian congregation in Missouri was organized at Bellevue settlement in Washington County.

1822—The New Orleans Prices Current appeared in New Orleans.

1824—Opening of new bridge across the Thames River in London.

1842—Abolition riots took place in Philadelphia.

1846—Congress passed a tariff bill reducing the duties on imported goods.

1850—Delegates from Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the New England States met at Portland, Me., to discuss the project of a railway from Halifax to Portland.

1854—Yellow fever became epidemic in New Orleans.

1856—Kansas rejected the Lecompton constitution for the second time.

1864—Federalists made an unsuccessful assault upon Petersburg, Va.

1866—Race riots in New Orleans on the reassembling of the State convention. Gen. William T. Sherman commissioned Lieutenant General.

1868—Proclamation by the Secretary of State that the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States had been ratified by three-fourths of the States.

1870—Benjamin Nathan, a wealthy Hebrew citizen of New York, found murdered in his home; the mystery of the crime was never solved.

1872—Cuban privateer Pioneer seized by the United States marshal at Newport, R. I.

1873—Large section of Portland, Ore., destroyed by fire.

1874—Kansas militia engaged in battle with Comanche Indians on the Canadian River. Gen. Custer's expedition reached the Black Hills.

1876—Colorado admitted to Statehood.

1883—Southern exposition opened in Louisville.

1884—The Imperial Federation of Great Britain and Her Colonies formed in London.

1894—War declared between China and Japan.

1895—Serious flood in Fort Scott, Kansas.

1898—Military expedition, under Gen. Brooke sailed from Newport News for Porto Rico. Spain accepted the American conditions of peace.

1899—Final sitting of the Peace Conference of The Hague.

1900—Lord Roberts proclaimed the annexation of the Transvaal to Great Britain.

1908—Typhoon at Canton, China, sank the Chinese vessel Yung-King, drowning 300 natives. Forest fires devastated several towns of British Columbia.

War of Labor Unions Begins.

A test of strength between the United Mine Workers of America and the members of a local union known as the Provincial Workmen's Association at the Sydney (Cape Breton) collieries of the Dominion Coal Company was begun when the former organization ordered a strike to enforce its demand for recognition. The local union, which was formed originally with the aid and consent of the union, remained loyal as a body, although some of its members had been won over to the American organization. The company charges that the American labor leaders have sought to divert the Canadian coal trade. Stockpiles have been built about the mines and preparations made to prevent any forcible interruption of the work. Armed deputies were placed on guard.

A New Illuminant Offered.

The Engineering and Mining Journal recently reported the successful commercial introduction of a new illuminant called blue gas in Germany. It is delivered to customers in liquid form in steel cylinders, from which it is poured into the gasometer of a given room or house. It is said to be cheaper than petroleum, while giving more powerful light and more intense heat. It is a hydrocarbon compound, free from carbon monoxide.

The Methodists of Gary, S. D., have

advised a novel plan for raising money for the payment of the cost of recently constructing a fine new parsonage. At the commencement of the planting season twenty bushels of seed potatoes were donated to the members of the church, who then rented a tract of ground. All hands turned in and aided in planting the "potatoes." Volunteers are looking after the cultivation and will look after the harvesting and marketing the crop. When the hundreds of bushels are harvested and sold the proceeds will be applied to the indebtedness on the parsonage.

BUILD THOU THY TEMPLE.

Beard lies in the work, not in the eye
Nor voice of critic. Whether on the mart
Or on the Heliconian hills apart,
Toll at thy temples builded in the sky:
Dreams are in sooth the only verity.
The world with scorn may lacerate thy heart—
Insult with praise too late. Delve at thine art;
Beauty shall never unremembered die.

The sculptor, unthwarted and alone,
Faint in the still seclusion of his room,
Carves, through the vexed vicissitudes of years,
Some marvel in Carrara; but the stone
Men heed not still. It stands above his tomb—
The cold commemoration of his tears.
—Lloyd Mifflin.

The Voice of God

Miss Caroline Drewitt had come back to her settlement work in the fall with a determination to inspire the surrounding neighborhood with ideas that should lift them above the level of the commonplace.

"Last year I tried it with pictures and flower study," she told Rev. Donald McGregor, "and I can't say it was a success. But this year I am going to try music."

Rev. Mr. Donald peered at her with kindly eyes through his nose-glasses. He was a tall, spare, sandy-haired man, a power in the pulpit, a friend of the people, and a firm believer in Miss Caroline Drewitt.

"I am sure it would be a great incentive," he said. "It makes an appeal to the Italians and the Germans, though differently. But how will you arrange it?"

"Gloria has promised to sing every Wednesday night," Miss Caroline told him. "And Harold Cartwright on Fridays. Gloria will give the Germans Wagner and Harold will give Italians Verdi, and now and then we will mix the two and have a grand concert."

McGregor nodded. "It is a great idea," he said, "and you can supplement it with children's classes."

"Yes," Miss Caroline planned, "I shall conduct those myself. I can't sing, but I know the theory. I sometimes wish I had more showy talents to impress my people with—but I must make the best of my practical accomplishments."

"I am sure we could not wish you other than you are," was Rev. Mr. Donald's tribute, and Miss Drewitt blushed prettily and went away with a buoyancy of carriage that made her seem almost youthful.

"He's such a help," she told Gloria that night, "in my work."

Gloria, brushing her masses of red-gold hair, yawned a little. "I don't see why you bother yourself with a lot of people who don't care to be uplifted, Aunt Caro," she said; "with your money you might be seeing Europe and making a break into society."

"Society palled many years ago, my dear," said Miss Caroline, "and some of my people love me, which is a great deal!"

"Everybody loves you," Gloria said, impulsively, as she leaned over her aunt and kissed her, and I am even beginning to believe that Rev. Mr. Donald is smitten."

"Gloria," Miss Caroline's eyes blazed, "don't say such a thing again. To speak of him that way—as if he were an ordinary man!"

"Well, extraordinary men fall in love sometimes," said Gloria wisely; "they are all alike when it comes to love."

"Dr. McGregor, if he ever marries," said humble Miss Caroline, "will choose a woman of talents and beauty—such a woman as you will be some day, Gloria."

Gloria threw up her hands. "Me?" she gasped, "why, I am going to sing—and the man I love must sing, and we are going to sail away on a sea of romance—I don't like dark alleys and tenements."

Then, as she saw the look on her aunt's face, she went on: "But he is good enough for anybody, Aunt Caro, and I like him immensely."

"And he likes you," said Miss Caroline.

It was this conversation, combined with Miss Caroline's insistent spirit of self-sacrifice, that set the little lady a scheming. Of all women in the world, she loved Gloria best. Unacknowledged, but coloring her whole life, was her love for the Rev. Donald McGregor. And what more fitting than that she should bring these two together in a happy union? Gloria would give the minister the brightness that belonged in his life, and he, in turn, would wear Gloria from the selfishness of her point of view, and would uplift her with himself.

And so it happened that every Wednesday night, the Rev. Donald McGregor found himself asked to meet with Miss Caroline's social club, and later he walked home with Miss Caroline and Gloria.

It was during these evenings that Miss Caroline uttered the pangs of martyrdom, as her niece with wonderful beauty and art, held the little crowd of down-trodden humanity spell-bound. Rev. Mr. McGregor seemed spell-bound with the new and now that Miss Caroline had brought about that which she craved, she felt that that sacrifice was too great. If the minister loved Gloria, he would soon

cease to be her friend, and how could she live without the support of that friendship?

The little woman grew pale and quiet, and, turning more and more to the humble people about her, was "Then tell them," said Rev. Donald McGregor, with finality.

No Need of Interference.
The two neighbors who were passing the little cottage heard sounds as of a terrific conflict inside and stopped to listen.
Presently they heard a loud thump, as if somebody had fallen to the floor.
"Grogan is beating his wife again!" they said.
Bursting the door open they rushed into the house.
"What's the trouble here?" they demanded.
"That ain't no trouble, gentlemen," calmly answered Mrs. Grogan, who had her husband down and was sitting on his head. "Gwan!"—Chicago Tribune.

AN EASY WAY.

How to Cure Kidney Troubles Easily and Quickly.

It is needless to suffer the tortures of an aching back, the misery of headaches, rheumatic pains, urinary disorders or risks of Bright's disease. The cure is easy. Treat the cause—the kidneys—with Doan's Kidney Pills. P. W. Champion, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I did not expect ever to be well again. Deranged kidneys caused me untold sufferings. Stones in the kidneys seemed to be tearing me apart and the secretions were seriously disordered. Doan's Kidney Pills righted this trouble and removed all pains and aches and dissolved the stones. I am completely cured."
Remember the name—Doan's. Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

And He Got No Tip.
The man with the broad expanse of unoccupied territory on the summit of his cranium was irritable.

"I part my hair," he said, crossly, "on the left side."
"Yes, sir," said the barber, with unruffled politeness; "you part it, perhaps, with a can opener."

Mutton in Mourning.
Butcher: "What can I send up to-day, Mrs. Styles?"
Mrs. Styles: "Send me up a leg of mutton, and be sure that it is from a black sheep; we are in mourning, you know."—Red Hen.

A Rare Good Thing.
"Am using ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, and can truly say I would not have been without it so long. Had I known the relief it would give my aching feet, I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet."—Mrs. Mattilda Holwert, Providence, R. I. Sold by all Druggists. See Ad today.

Rumania is the most illiterate country in Europe. The last census shows that in a population of about 6,000,000 nearly 4,000,000 neither write nor read.

The output of cast iron sash weights in the United States has reached \$5,000 tons a year in recent years.

Mrs. Winslow's Scouring Starch for Children. Washes clothes white and makes them soft and clean. 25 cents a bottle.

Ten pounds of blood are sent through the human system at each heart beat.

MUNYON'S EMINENT DOCTORS AT YOUR SERVICE FREE.

Not a Penny to Pay for the Full and Medical Examination.

If you are in doubt as to the cause of your disease, mail us a postal requesting a medical examination blank which will fill out and return to you. Our doctors will carefully diagnose your case, and if you can be cured you will be told so. You are not obligated to us in any way, for this advice is absolutely free. You are at liberty to take our advice or not, as you see fit. Send to-day for a medical examination blank. All out and return to us, and our eminent doctors will diagnose your case thoroughly, absolutely free.
Munyon's 534 and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Cooked Corned Beef
There's a marked distinction between Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and even the best that's sold in bulk.

Evenly and mildly cured and scientifically cooked in Libby's Great White Kitchen, all the natural flavor of the fresh, prime beef is retained. It is pure wholesome, delicious and ready to serve at meal time. Saves work and worry in summer.

Other Libby "Healthful" Meal-Time Hints, all ready to serve, are:

Peerless Baked Beef
Vienna Sausage
Veal Loaf
Baked Beans
Glow Chow
Mixed Pickles

"Purity goes hand in hand with Products of the Libby brand".

Write for free Booklet,—"How to make Good Things to Eat".

Insist on Libby's at your grocers.
Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NEW TARIFF LAW.

CHIEF DECREASES.		
	Old Rate.	New Rate.
Hides	15 p. c.	Free
Iron ore	40 cents a ton	15 cents a ton
Bituminous coal	47 cents a ton	46 cents a ton
Petroleum, crude or refined	Countervailing	Free
Lumber		
Rough	\$2 M ft.	\$1.25 M ft.
Finished	\$2 to \$4 M ft.	\$1.25 to \$2.75 M ft.
Timber, round, hewn, unsawn	1 cent cubic ft.	1/2 cent cubic ft.
Wood pulp	1-15 cent lb.	Free
Print paper	8-10 cent lb.	2-16 cent lb.
Leather, rough and sole	25 p. c.	15 p. c.
Boots and shoes	25 p. c.	15 p. c.
Same, after Oct. 1, 1909	25 p. c.	15 p. c.
Agricultural implements	20 p. c.	15 p. c.
Works of art, 20 years old	20 p. c.	Free
Pig iron	\$4 a ton	\$3.50 a ton
Scrap iron and steel	\$4 a ton	\$1 a ton
Bar iron	6-10 cent lb.	3-10 cent lb.
Structural steel, unpunched	5-10 cent lb.	3-10 and 4-10 cent lb.
Sugar, refined	1.95 cents lb.	1.81 cents lb.
Fresh meat	2 cents lb.	1 1/2 cents lb.

CHIEF INCREASES.		
	Old Rate.	New Rate.
Hemp	\$30 a ton	\$32.50 a ton.
Hemp, hatched	\$40 a ton	\$45 a ton.
Calamine	Free	1/4 lb.
Spirits and cordials	\$2.25 pt. gal.	\$2.60 pt. gal.
Still wines	50c gal.	80c gal.
Malt liquors	40c gal.	45c gal.
Fruit juice	40c gal.	70c gal.
Columbia hosiery		
Valued not above \$1 a doz.	50c doz. and 15 p. c.	70c doz. and 15 p. c.
Valued from \$1 to \$1.50	60c doz. and 15 p. c.	85c doz. and 15 p. c.
Valued from \$1.50 to \$2	70c doz. and 15 p. c.	90c doz. and 15 p. c.
Shingles	30c M.	50c M.
Razors—valued at \$3 doz.	\$1.75 doz. and 20 p. c.	\$1.80 doz. and 35 p. c.
Antimony ore	Free	10 lb.
Structural steel, fabricated and assembled	1/4 lb.	45 p. c.
Artificial feathers and frills	50 p. c.	60 p. c.
Cosmetics, dentifrices, etc.	50 p. c.	60 p. c.
Polished plate glass not over 24 by 30 inches	10c sq. ft. and 5 p. c.	12 1/2c sq. ft. and 5 p. c.
Broom corn	Free	\$3 a ton
Hops	12c lb.	15c lb.

POST CARDS KEPT OUT OF MAIL.

Thousands of Tinselled Missives Sent to Dead Letter Office Daily.

Failure to inclose tinselled or frosted post cards in tightly sealed envelopes to prevent the escape of particles of tinsel, mica and the like, as required by the postal regulations, is causing from 15,000 to 20,000 of such cards to be withdrawn from the mails and sent to the dead letter office of the Post Office Department every day. Following the issuance of an order by the department declaring cards of such character to be unmailable unless inclosed in envelopes so treated as to prevent injuries to employees, post card dealers began supplying their customers with flimsy transparent envelopes for inclosing the cards, which has resulted in much difficulty to the department. The postage stamp is frequently placed on the card inside the envelope, thereby preventing its cancellation, and the envelopes fail to prevent the escape of particles, which fill the air in postal cars, thereby causing inflammation of the eyes of railway mail clerks.

LAKE TRAFFIC GROWS DECIDED.

Business Improvement Shown by Government Figures for June.

Considerable improvement in the business situation compared with conditions a year ago is noted in a report by the National Bureau of statistics for June. It is shown that domestic shipments of leading classes of commodities from lake ports reached 10,179,633 net tons, compared with 7,427,616 net tons in June, 1908. Domestic shipments for the current season to the end of June are 19,589,552 tons—about 65 per cent in excess of the total domestic shipments for the corresponding period of 1908. Iron-ore shipments for the month, 5,250,657 gross tons, were more than double those in June, 1908.

More than 53 per cent of the June shipments came from Duluth and Superior. Soft coal cargoes, amounting to 1,767,098 net tons, were about 17 per cent below the 1908 figures, although the season's shipments, 3,368,262 net tons, were nearly 18 per cent higher than last year. Shipments of hard coal during June, principally from Erie, Buffalo and Oswego, aggregating 585,401 net tons, also proceeded at a lower rate than in 1908.

Lumber shipments were far in excess of those in June, 1908, and it is pointed out that the largely increased receipts at Chicago, North Tonawanda, Detroit and Buffalo indicate improved conditions in the building trade.

His First Hair Cut at 16.
Harry Sanford, 16 years old, residing near Franklin, Pa., had his hair cut for the first time in his life. The shorn locks weighed more than a pound. His parents, proud of the luxuriance, refused to allow it to be cut, but the boy is going to college next fall and finally decided for himself. Until he was 8 years old Harry wore his hair loose about his shoulders, but of late years he has braided it and let it hang down under his coat.

The Astor Fuel Machine.
The current number of the Scientific American contains an account of a new process invented by John Jacob Astor, the New York multimillionaire, for utilizing as fuel the peat deposits. The process involves the disintegrating of the fiber of the peat so as to allow it to be thoroughly and uniformly heated. The machine is to be run by the gas derived directly from the peat. Colonel Astor says that he will experiment further.

Roosevelt Three of Chas.
From Nalvasha, East Africa, where the Roosevelt party has been hunting along Lake Nalvasha, comes the report that Col. Roosevelt has fired of the hunt and taken to his literary labors. The members were said to be shooting only rare specimens, as their collection had been completed. From Nalvasha the party will return to Nairobi and thence go to Kenya Province on August 5, with headquarters at Fort Hall. In a private letter, Mr. Roosevelt had complained of the restlessness of his son, Kermit, in hunting big game.

CHURCHES MAY UNITE.

Three Pennsylvania Towns Considering Novel Proposition.

D. E. Park, of Pittsburgh, who makes his home in Ebensburg, Pa., during the summer, has offered three Protestant congregations of his town \$25,000 on condition that they unite and become one church. One meeting of the deacons of the three churches has already been held, and the merger is likely to be consummated.

It is pointed out that the three congregations—the Presbyterian, Congregational and Calvinistic Methodist—could do a much better work were they united. The Congregational Church owns a very valuable property, consisting of a large edifice and parsonage, several lots of ground and two cemeteries. Its property is worth more than all the other Protestant properties in Ebensburg.

It is urged that the three churches unite, buy a property in the central part of Ebensburg and construct a large church edifice. It is proposed to engage a pastor at a salary of about \$3,000 a year, an assistant at about \$1,000, a paid organist, musical director and choir. The membership of the church would be about 700.

CURRENT COMMENT

Exit Clemenceau.

Does Premier Clemenceau—as was now realize the danger there is in his "back" back?—St. Louis Republic.

M. Clemenceau seems to have touched the button at the psychological moment—Galveston News.

M. Clemenceau challenged a backfire, and as a result of his bravado was shot full of holes.—Detroit Free Press.

Possibly M. Clemenceau will decide to spend the rest of the summer with the former shah and the ex-sultan.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

At this juncture it appears to be up to the private business of M. Clemenceau to demand all his time and attention.—Indianapolis News.

This country is fairly well supplied with medical practitioners, but if Dr. Clemenceau should see fit to return he could probably build up a comfortable practice.—Boston Herald.

The French people, who are now saying things about M. Clemenceau, are handicapped by having no exact equivalent for the word "quitter."—Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

Saved by a Sea Wall.
Good morning, Galveston. Are you still there?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Galveston gave that Caribbean hurricane the granite hand.—Baltimore Star.

The storm didn't hurt Galveston. So fine a sea wall is something to blow about.—Atlanta Constitution.

Man is not so important, after all, if Galveston's sea wall saved the city from the ocean's fury.—Omaha Bee.

Galveston's sea wall seems to have stood the test, but it found out what it was put there for, all right.—Kansas City Star.

The sea wall of Galveston has repaid the people for the energy, money and backbone which they put into it.—Augusta Chronicle.

MOB TRIES TO LYNCH OFFICIAL.

Fury Brought On in City Council Over Politics.

The City Council of Indianapolis was virtually in the hands of a mob from 1 to 3 o'clock Tuesday morning and the feeling was so intense that the police had to be continually on guard to prevent violence. The situation was brought on by a combination of Democrats and Republicans, which had for its object, it is alleged, the appointment of primary election inspectors that would be favorable to N. W. Harding, Republican candidate for Mayor, and Charles B. Clark, Democratic candidate for the same office. Law Shank is the opposing Republican candidate and Charles Gauss the opposing Democratic candidate.

Councilman Boyce, a Harding man, slipped out of the chamber just as the vote was announced in Harding's favor and was pursued by a mob with cries of "Hang the scoundrel!" "Shoot the traitor!" and other denunciations. The mob pressed on his rear, and seeing no other means of escape Boyce ran to the police station. Officers succeeded in protecting the trembling Councilman.

PARALYSIS CAUSED BY DUST.

Winona, Minn., Decides to Sprinkle to Destroy Germs.

Winona, Minn., is fighting an epidemic of infantile paralysis, which attacks children between the ages of 6 months and 10 years, and where it does not kill, leaves the victims helpless cripples. When efforts of the Board of Health failed to check the growing number of cases, the State authorities were called in. They said the disease germ is carried in the dust from the streets into susceptible organs of the children. The thirty or more cases are scattered throughout the outlying districts, which are not sprinkled. A special meeting of the Council was held and it was decided to sprinkle the entire city, alleys, streets and sidewalks in an effort to rid the city of the germs. There has been no rain in Winona for over a month.

TRY TO WRECK TREASURE TRAIN.

Obstruction on Burlington Track to Delay Car with \$350,000.

As a passenger train on the Burlington was rounding a hazardous curve for the station of Belmont, ten miles out from Crawford, Neb., the engineer discovered on the track a few rods ahead an obstruction composed of steel rails. Engineer Wade stopped the train within a few feet of the obstruction. It is said that the express car contained \$250,000 in gold bullion billed to New York city. A farmer named Chris Berger, found near the spot, was arrested. He pleads innocence, saying he was at the point to flag the train to get into Alliance for medical aid. Berger has a badly torn arm, caused, he says, by the accidental discharge of a shotgun.

RECORD CROPS IN NORTHWEST.

Wheat and Corn Break All Records in Minnesota and Dakota.

The Northwest has raised a great crop of grains this year. Harvest is at hand and the cutting of grain is general in Minnesota and South Dakota, and is crowding into North Dakota. The record will be broken as to wheat and corn, and probably oats and flax, while barley will hold its own and may prove to be a record crop also. It will require \$375,000,000 to \$400,000,000 to purchase these crops at present prices. No other statement is necessary to emphasize the prosperity that has come once more to the people of the Northwest.

G. A. B. MEETING IN AUGUST.

Thousands Expected to Attend Salt Lake Encampment.

The Grand Army of the Republic will assemble in Salt Lake City August 9 for its forty-third annual encampment. In addition to the Grand Army there will be meetings of the Woman's Relief Corps, Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic, National Association of ex-Prisoners of War, National Association of Army Nurses, Naval Veterans Association, Daughters of Veterans, Spanish War Veterans, Sons of Veterans, War Musicians and National Press Correspondents.



United States Senator G. H. Clay, of Georgia, has been re-elected by the Georgia Legislature. His term will expire in 1916.

President Taft's faith in the corporation tax measure is unshaken. He will accept no substitute for the measure and will not modify it.

The women suffragists of Colorado are to make an effort to send one of their own sex to Congress two years hence. They are agreed that Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker is to be the candidate.

The Democratic congressional committee, one year in advance of the usual time for such action, has elected officers and mapped out the course for capturing the House in the next congressional elections.

Congressman Ashbrook of Ohio has started the Democratic campaign of 1913 by asserting that a canvass of the Democrats in Congress shows a practically unanimous choice among them of Gov. Harmon of Ohio as the next candidate of the party for President.

President Taft has served notice on the congressional campaign of the Republican party that the country is looking to see that the pledges made that fall are kept for a downward revision of the tariff. The President's position is that, so far as within his power, he will see that the pledges are kept.

OWES HER LIFE TO

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Vienna, W. Va.—"I feel that I owe the last ten years of my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Eleven years ago I was a walking shadow. I had been under the doctor's care but could not get any relief. My husband persuaded me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it worked like a charm. It relieved all my pains and misery. I advise all suffering women to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Mrs. EMMA WILSON, Vienna, W. Va. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and today holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases of any similar medicine in the country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaint, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every such suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful."

ITINERANT MONARCHS.

European Rulers Who Travel on Diplomatic Missions.

It may be true that there is no east nor west when two strong men meet. But the meeting of Czar and Kaiser only emphasized the points of geography by national and racial lines, says Collier's.

In the middle of June, at Pitkies, on the Finnish coast, Nicholas and Wilhelm chatted about the future of Europe. Knowing that the Czar was planning a series of visits to President Fallieres, to King Edward, and to one or more of the northwestern countries, the Kaiser inserted a call at the beginning of the Imperial tour. It is believed that the German Emperor desired by his urgency to weaken the fellowship of Russia with Great Britain and France.

King Edward of England recently completed a pacifying tour, where his infallible tact was never in better condition.

The theory of sovereignty used to be the static. "I sit, I teach," said the New England sage. And it was the old-fashioned idea of Kings that they were immovable on a golden throne. Seated like Javey, they dispensed justice from the center of rest. But today, to stay at the same point, they sometimes have to run at the top of their speed. A modern King is a bit of a commercial traveler.

The Sultan is said to have caught the idea, and packs his grip for a jaunt through Europe in the autumn of 1909. He will call on England in December.

Availability.

A nobleman was once showing a friend a rare collection of precious stones which he had gathered at a great expense and enormous amount of labor. "And yet," he said, "they yield me no income."

His friend replied: "Come with me, and I will show you two stones which cost me but few pounds each, yet they yield me a considerable income." He took the owner of the gems to his grist mill and pointed to two gray mill-stones, which were always busy grinding out grist.—Success Magazine.

ON FOOD.

The Right Foundation of Food.
Proper food is the foundation of health. People can eat improper food for a time until there is a sudden collapse of the digestive organs, then all kinds of trouble follow.

The proper way out of the difficulty is to shift to the pure, scientific food, Grape-Nuts, for it rebuilds from the foundation up. A New Hampshire woman says:

"Last summer I was suddenly taken with indigestion and severe stomach trouble and could not eat food without great pain, my stomach was so sore I could hardly move about. This kept up until I was so miserable life was not worth living.

"Then a friend finally, after much argument, induced me to quit my former diet and try Grape-Nuts.

"Although I had but little faith I commenced to use it and great was my surprise to find that I could eat it without the usual pain and distress in my stomach.

"So I kept on using Grape-Nuts and soon a marked improvement was shown, for my stomach was performing its regular work in a normal way without pain or distress.

"Very soon the yellow coating disappeared from my tongue, the dull, heavy feeling in my head disappeared and my mind felt light and clear; the languid, tired feeling left, and altogether I felt as if I had been rebuilt. Strength and weight came back rapidly and I went back to my work with renewed ambition.

"To-day I am a new woman in mind as well as body and I owe it all to this natural food, Grape-Nuts." "There's a Reason."

Look in pigs for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

CHILD WAS SIXTY MONTHS

And Suffered Annually with a Red Swell-like Swelling on Her Head.

"When my little Vivian was about six months old her head broke out in boils. She had about sixty in all and I used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, which cured her entirely. Some time later a humor broke out behind her ears and spread up on to her head until it was nearly half covered. The humor looked like a scald, very red with a sticky, clear fluid coming from it. This occurred every spring. I always used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, which never failed to heal it up. The last time it broke out it became so bad that I was discouraged. But I continued the use of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent until she was well and has never been troubled in the last two years. Mrs. M. A. Scherwin, 874 Spring Wells Ave., Detroit, Mich., Feb. 24, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. of Cuticura Remedies, Boston.

Three Dr. Clifford.

An amusing adventure happened on one occasion to Dr. Clifford when he was conducting a series of services in Birmingham. Arriving a few minutes before the commencement, the doctor was refused admission by the policeman at the door.

"I want to go in," said Dr. Clifford. "Are you a seat holder?" asked the official.

"No, I am not."

"Then you can't go in."

"I think," remarked the famous passive resister, "that there will be room for me in the pulpit."

"I am not so sure of it," retorted the other.

"But I am Dr. Clifford and I am due to preach in another minute and a half."

"Keep Her Word."

"Harold," said the young woman, resolutely, "I promised my mother I never would marry any man without asking him how he stood on the great question of woman suffrage. You will have to tell me how you stand."

"I'm opposed to it, Bella," bluntly answered the young man.

"Well—er—that's all I promised mamma; I didn't bind myself to refuse any good man just because he—now, Harold, you stop that!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Dainty Toilet Article.

Every lady who desires to keep up her attractive appearance, while at the Theater, attending Receptions, when shopping, while traveling and on all occasions should carry in her purse a booklet of Goussard's Oriental Beauty Leaves. This is a dainty little booklet of exquisitely perfumed powder, leaves which are easily removed and applied to the skin. It is invaluable when the face becomes moist and flushed and is far superior to a powder puff as it does not spill and soil the clothes. It removes dirt, dust and grease from the face, imparting a cool, delicate bloom to the complexion. Sent anywhere on receipt of Five Cents in stamps or coin.

F. T. Hopkins, 37 Great Jones street New York.

The Octopus Turns.

The enraged financial magnate was charging madly through the office of the 10 cent monthly magazine.

"What is he doing?" asked the amazed bystanders, "running amuck?"

"I think not," said one of the frightened stenographers, preparing to run. "He's running a muckraker."

Pistat by a Sore Contributor.

I would not live away; I ask not to stay.

When the weather is nasty the livelong day.

The few balmy mornings that dawn on us here.

Can't atone for this climate the rest of the year.

—F. B. H., in Chicago Tribune.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

"Never Can Understand."

Still, a woman can't understand why an eighteen inning base ball game should interest her husband more than a good hot supper.—Detroit Free Press.

Plausible Prevention.

Of two kinds of flurs, the one who can lie plausibly is most to be feared. The crude liar is simply a joke.—Detroit News.

FOR LIVER, BLADDER

KIDNEY AND STOMACH TROUBLES

TAKE

Gold Medal Haarlem Oil

IN CAPSULES.

"Odorless and Tasteless."

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL is the ONLY genuine Haarlem Oil made in Holland.

Holland Medicine Co., Scranton, Pa.

Dear Sirs: I sent for a free box of your Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules and have one-half bottle on hand. I certainly feel a fine medicine for bladder trouble. I have recommended it to a good many people, and it has proved to be all right and will be without it in the house. Yours faithfully,

JAMES BEECH, 1330 Huttenwood St. Reading, Pa., March 28, 1909.

Capsules and bottles are sold at all drug stores. Capsules, 25 and 50 cents; bottles, 15 and 25 cents.

HOLLAND MEDICINE CO., Sole Importers

It Your Druggist cannot supply you, write us direct.

Rheumatism

CHOLERA BUBONICA and other diseases.

CHOLERA BUBONICA and other diseases.

Crawford Avalanche.

G. H. AVALANCHE, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 12

HomeCircleDepartment

A column dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Crude thoughts as they fall from the Editorial Pen—Pleasant Evening Reveries.

Woman was made out of the rib, taken from the side of man; not out of his head to rule him, but out of his side to be his equal, under his arm to be protected, and near his heart to be loved.

Girls, listen to your mothers; you will never regret it. No matter what your advantages are above what hers were, you are no better. You can rest assured that it is not book learning or knowledge of fashion that will keep your feet away from many pitfalls that she can warn you from, in a tender, loving fashion, that you would do well to heed. No matter how mothers may speak, you may rest assured their hearts are in the right place, and that they want their daughters to be innocent and good, rather than fashionable.

If you would gather up all tender memories, all the lights and shades of the heart, all banquetings and reunions, all filial, fraternal, paternal and conjugal affections and you had only just four letters with which to spell out that height and depth and length and breadth and magnitude and eternity of meaning, you would with streaming eyes, and trembling voice, and agitated hand, write it out in those four living capitals, H-O-M-E.

What a different world this would be if only all of us would cultivate the grace of good nature! It is the best tonic for nervous disorders, the surest preservative of home happiness, and the most effective remedy for the divorce disease now unaccountably prevalent. He who has learned how to take even the most disagreeable things and grievous disappointments good naturedly may never be a millionaire, but he will be what is much better, both happy and a source of happiness, and the atmosphere he carries with him will be like a bit of sunshine in a mammoth cave.

There is no earthly need of so much poverty and grumbling, as one hears on all sides today. There is plenty of food in this great and glorious world for all its people. It is the fault of education of our children; they are brought up wrong. The children should be broken in to some useful labor and taught to respect and honor the useful more than the ornamental. Every boy and girl should be made to work at something that would be of profit, till the second nature forms with them. A man or woman so educated becomes actually fond of labor or at least pleased with results, then it becomes a pleasure to perform it. All children at an early age should have a bank and be taught to save its money, or at best the larger part of it. They should not be allowed to waste anything, food, clothing, or any article of value. It is the early impressions formed on the mind that are enduring. Very few children trained in the right direction will become paupers, unless caused by sickness or unavoidable accident.

One reason why some men do not get along better in this world is they have not the proper stimulant in their homes. Their homes lack those little touches or refinement which bring the best out of them. Neatness and taste are possible in the poorest homes. Let a woman make the atmosphere as dainty as her means allow, and she will raise her husband to the same standard. And as she elevates him, the effect is felt upon herself, her children, her home and her future. Some men respond more slowly to the touch of a woman's hand displayed in their homes and upon their surroundings. The task may seem hopeless to the wife at times. But sooner or later the effect will show itself. There is something in every man which responds to a higher and gentler influence. Let his home be rough and he will be rough. But infuse into that home a softening touch, be it ever so simple, and the man feels it even though he may not directly notice it. He imbibes it unconsciously, and its effect is sure upon him.

Don't Reprove At Bedtime.

To send children happy to bed should be one of the mother's ordinary tasks. No little one should dread the bedtime hour, nor fear the dark, nor be allowed to go to rest under a sense of disgrace or alienation from household love. Whatever the child's daytime naughtiness may have been, at nightfall he should be forgiven, and go to rest with the mother's kiss on her lips and her tender voice in his ears.

Hardly anything can be worse for a young child than to be scolded or punished at bedtime. The mother does well to be a little blind at times, remembering that a good deal of child-

ish culpability is superficial only, and washes off almost as easily as does the dirt which the evening bath removes from the skin.

The main thing with children is to have them well started with good principals, which they carry through life. Obedience, truth, unselfishness, purity are essentials, and these can all be lovingly cultivated, and will flourish in the right home atmosphere.

City Attractions.

The illustration of the sea-bird drawn to its doom by the glare of the beacon light finds no truer prototype than in the case of the country girl lured from her home by dreams of fortune to be realized in the great city. As ignorant of the wiles of evil as a mouse is of the mechanism of a trap, unsophisticated in the blandishments of sin, holding blankly to the belief that sheep and goats never mingle she drops into the maelstrom of a city existence as a snowflake settles into the river. "One moment white, then gone forever." There lie in wait for innocence, the wide world over, a legion of plotting devils arrayed in livery of light, honest appearing advertisements that are tent hooks with which the devil angles for souls; employers who scarcely take the pains to hide the fangs of wolves behind their smiling lips; boarding-houses infested with other and more hideous vermin than the rat and the roach; companionship of more fatal effect to the soul than hydrant water to the health; counsellors who spin viewless webs and plot ruin as the spider works destruction to the stupid fly. All these and a great many more pitfalls lie in the way of the country girl as she turns her light step from the cowslip and the green turf to take her place in the ranks of those who walk the path of daily toil.

'Twas A Glorious Victory.

There's rejoicing in Fedora, Tenn. A man's life has been saved, and now Dr. King's New Discovery is the talk town for curing C. V. Pepper of deadly lung hemorrhages. "I could not work nor get about," he writes, "and the doctors did me no good, but, after using Dr. King's New Discovery three weeks, I feel like a new man, and can do good work again." For weak, sore or diseased lungs, Coughs and Colds, Hemorrhages, Hay Fever, LaGrippe, Asthma or any Croupal affection it stands unrivaled. Price 50c. and \$1.00 Trial Bottle free. Sold and guaranteed by A. M. Lewis & Co.

From the Michigan Publicity Bureau.

The Michigan State Brewers' Association is so anxious to see that the saloons remaining in Michigan obey the law, that they have retained William L. Carpenter, former justice of the Michigan Supreme Court, to analyze the Warner-Cramton Law, and within the last few days a pamphlet containing Judge Carpenter's interpretation of the principal provisions of the law and a list of thirteen acts, which would be in violation of that law, has been put in the hands of every saloonkeeper in Michigan.

Here are the thirteen "don'ts" against which Judge Carpenter warns the saloonkeepers:

1. It is a violation of the law, two convictions for which would forever debar a licensee from securing a license in Michigan:
1. To sell, furnish or give liquor of any kind, or any beverage containing liquor, to any minor, intoxicated person, habitual drunkard, Indian, or to any person when forbidden in writing so to do by the husband, wife, child, guardian or employer of such person, or by the superintendent, supervisor, or director of the poor of the county where such person resides.
2. To permit any student, or minor, to play cards, dice, billiards, or any game of chance in any part of any building in which intoxicating drinks are sold, or to sell or give to any student any such liquor, except when prescribed by a physician.
3. To allow any minor to visit or remain in any room where liquors are sold, or kept for sale, unless accompanied by father or other legal guardian.
4. To sell, furnish, give or have in one's possession intoxicating liquors in any concert hall, theater, or any other place of amusement, or in any building opening into such place of amusement.
5. To keep open on Sunday, election day, or legal holiday, or in the prohibited night hours, any place where intoxicating liquors are sold, or kept for sale.
6. To adulterate any liquor intended for drink with any substance poisonous or injurious to health, or to sell or offer for sale, or to import into the state, any such adulterated liquor.
7. To sell any liquor unless the barrel, cask or other vessel from which it is taken shall be branded with the name, person company or firm preparing the same, and also the words "Pure and without drugs or poison."
8. To put into any such branded barrel, cask or vessel, any adulterated liquors.
9. To fail to remove screens, curtains, etc., that obstruct the view of the bar from the sidewalk, street or alley, during the time when the law requires the place to be closed.
10. To engage in business without having obtained a license with every formality required and without keeping the license posted conspicuously in the place of business.
11. To continue to carry on the business without procuring a new bond after the county treasurer has cancelled the old bond.
12. To display any kind of a sign advertising liquors upon the outside

of any part of any building used for retail liquors.

Frederic Freaks.

Miss Zoe Seiwel Sundayed in Frederic with old friends.

Mrs. Chas. Wilcox is visiting relatives and friends in Pere Cheney and Center Plains.

Misses Patterson returned Monday after spending a few days at West Bay City.

Miss Mabelle Leng is home from her summer vacation at Laingsburg.

Mrs. Scott of Waters called last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mills of Saginaw went to Lewiston accompanied by W. T. Lewis and wife for a visit with the later's son Emmet Lewis of that place.

Miss Myrtle Kelly is on the sick list.

F. L. Taylor passed through here Friday, returning home from Ferris.

There will be a general supper Saturday evening Aug. 14, at the town hall for the M. P. Church. Come and bring your friends. 10 and 15 cents pays the bill.

Miss Sue Lewis has returned from Detroit and Saginaw.

Mrs. Will Taylor of Petoskey has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Eli Forebush but has now returned to her work in that place.

Mr. Earl Play of Dewar spent Sunday in Frederic, calling on the girls.

Mrs. Chas. Sullivan and little Marcelus is visiting relatives in Mt. Pleasant.

Hardgrove Happenings.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Buck and daughter Thelma of Bay City, are spending a few days with their father Mr. H. S. Buck, who is quite sick at this writing.

Gilbert Vallad and Bert Peters of Moorestown came out one day last week to find a huckleberry patch but thought it was to late in the season to start camping out.

Samuel McIntyre's baby is quite sick.

Fred Hennesey and family were callers at H. S. Buck's Sunday.

G. F. Smith of Alba, Autum county who has been visiting his grand parents W. B. Lancaster for the past four weeks returned home Thursday.

Minor Hewitt's little son Versol who has been very sick last week is better, Dr. McDonnell in attendance.

Mrs. Cribbens has been on the sick list for the past few days.

W. B. Lan Caster and grandson George Smith went huckleberrying Tuesday to Calico lake.

Chas. Beebe and W. B. Lan Caster have finished harvesting their wheat and is stacked in a nice shape.

C. B. Johnson has returned home from a three months visit in the south.

Last Saturday afternoon one of our leading ladies started out to call on the sick half a mile out of town and got lost by taking the wrong street, she walk two miles or more, (might of been walking yet) but was fortunate enough to find a man who was acquainted with the lay of the town and he succeeded in getting her headed for home where she arrived as tired as a weary willie with two big blisters on her heels, and now she vows she will take a horse and buggy and a compass and a guide the next time she goes out of the city limits.

Mrs. Lancaster received word from her son W. T. Kirkby of Cheboygan, that his wife and nephew Tom Kirkby and his brother-in-law Lee Jackson, of Lansing, who is doing his building have all been sick but were better at the writing.

Levels Locals.

Messrs Merahon and Davis came up from Saginaw, with their auto Saturday in less than nine hours, they are well pleased with the crops up in this poor country, we would not be surprised if they do some farming before long.

C. F. Underhill has his barn well under way, will soon be ready for the paint. He is putting in a concrete floor under the entire building. He will have an up to date barn.

Charles Johnson was over from Hardgrove Monday, he is feeling good, got tanned a little in the hot sun, he don't worry about it.

George F. Owen, strayed down to Grayling, a few days ago, he talked business to Mrs. Purchase, they concluded that one house was large enough for them, so they got married and are now at home on the farm.

Miss Belle Bontell, of Bay City and M. A. Avery, were calling on C. W. Miller, Thursday evening.

N. C. Catobish, has been spending a few days fishing near dam 4, he returned Friday.

The Plim House is doing a good business, 16 boarders on the register Tuesday.

Mrs. Laura Hahn, is taking her vacation. She will visit some of the principal cities in Canada, on her way to New York, will probably not return before the later part of September.

The Douglas Co., have as fine a piece of potatoes as any one could wish for, (and mark you) these potatoes are growing on this poor worthless land that is wanted for a forestry.

there is no danger of people starving this year in Crawford County.

Dr. Underhill has a gang of men and two teams clearing land, he says he is going to clear a lot of this land and seed it with clover, that is a good investment, as he will have good large lumps of sugar rolling in each year hereafter.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stillwagon, of Edwards, Michigan visited the homes of his sons Clarence and Avery.

Lottie Owen and Master Charles, returned Sunday morning from Flint where they have been making a pleasant visit.

Mrs. Frank Priddy and daughter, of Van Vert, Ohio, have been guests of the Stillwagon Brothers for a few days.

Business at the Ranch is moving along in good shape, they have 60 acres or more plowed at present and are fitting the same for clover. W. J. Savage is managing the business at present, he does not approve of brush growing on land that is farmed he has them all dug up and burnt, as good farmers would.

Deputy Warden McKelroy planted three cans of green bass in Shoopack lake Friday.

Jacob Truax has harvested 20 acres of No. 1 rye, his clover is well filled, the alfalfa is a success, and Jake is going to seed 20 acres more to clover this month, that means \$600 to \$800 net cash per year. Mr. T. knows how to roll the eagles in.

DAN.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas, It has pleased the Intelligent and Supreme ruler of the universe to remove from our midst by death our beloved sister Annette Rasmussen, so be it

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to her husband and relatives in their affliction, and further be it

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered in our records, a copy sent to her bereaved husband and a copy sent for publication to the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE.

By order of Grayling Rebekah Lodge No. 352.

EDITH ABBOTT
CARRIE JOHNSON
OLGA PHELPS
Committee.

Scared With A Hot Iron,

or scalded by overturned kettle—cut with a knife—bruised by a slammed door—injured by gun or in any other way—the thing needed at once is Bucklen's Arnica Salve to subdue inflammation and kill the pain. It's the earth's supreme healer, infallible for Boils, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Eczema and piles. 25c. at A. M. Lewis & Co.

Resolutions of Condolence.

The following resolutions were adopted by Companion Court No. 652 I. O. F. of Grayling.

Whereas, The angel of death has entered our court and taken away our companion, Anetta Peterson Rasmussen one of our beloved and honored members whose noble life was an inspiration to all who knew her and whose presence will be greatly missed by us, therefore be it

Resolved that the heartfelt sympathy of our order be extended to Lewis Rasmussen, the sorrowed husband of our deceased Companion, and that a copy of these resolutions be printed in the Avalanche and be recorded upon the minutes of our court and that the charter be draped in mourning for the accustomed time.

MARGARET BURTON
NELLIE MANEVIN
MAE PEARSON,
Committee.

The Crime of Idleness.

Idleness means trouble for any one. It is the same way with a lazy liver. It causes constipation, headache, jaundice, sallow complexion, pimples and blotches, loss of appetite, nausea, but Dr. King's New Life Pills soon banish liver troubles and builds up your health. 25c. at A. M. Lewis & Co.

Probate Notices.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford

At a session of said Court Held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said County, on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1909.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Martha L. Dickinson, deceased.
Charles F. Dickinson having filed in said court his final administration account and his petition praying for the allowance thereof, and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered that the second day of September A. D. 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

It is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTEY, Judge of Probate.
Dated August 11th A. D. 1909.

A true Copy
WELLINGTON BATTEY, Judge of Probate.

Barley Possible.

She (at the reception)—I wonder why Mrs. Goodman looks so awfully unhappy?

He—Don't know; unless it's because her husband doesn't neglect her enough.



For Sale by A. KRAUS.

Team Work.

I am prepared to do all kinds of team work and driving. I know every road in the county, and will give satisfaction. Plowing done. P. JORGENSON, Peninsular Avenue, south, east of S. E. Co's blacksmith shop. Give me a call. aug12

EXCURSION

SUNDAY

August 15, 1909

(Returning same day)

TO

BAY CITY - \$1.40

SAGINAW - \$1.60

Special train leaves 9.15 a. m.

FOR PARTICULARS

Consult Ticket Agent

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

What would you

TAKE

for your eyesight?

Good eyesight is priceless, we can all agree as to that. We are all anxious to retain our vision for distance and to be able to read with comfort.

THEN WHY NEGLECT YOUR EYES?

Why not have them examined by one who is familiar with all kinds of eye defects and is able to advise you as to what is best in order to retain that most priceless of gifts, good

EYESIGHT.

C. J. Hathaway

Optometrist.

Meats

Fresh

and

Good.

The

People's

Market.

Milks Bro's.

Prop's.

QUALITY

NOT

QUANTITY

IS OUR MOTTO.

You can be sure of getting the best Quality for the money expended, with our personal guarantee with each article purchased; the same to give perfect satisfaction. We are anxious to make

that good on anything that does not do so, if you will but call our attention to the fact.

TRY US AND SEE

C. J. HATHAWAY

Jeweler and Optometrist.

1878.

1909.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST-CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

SHOES, HARDWARE,

FLOUR, FEED,

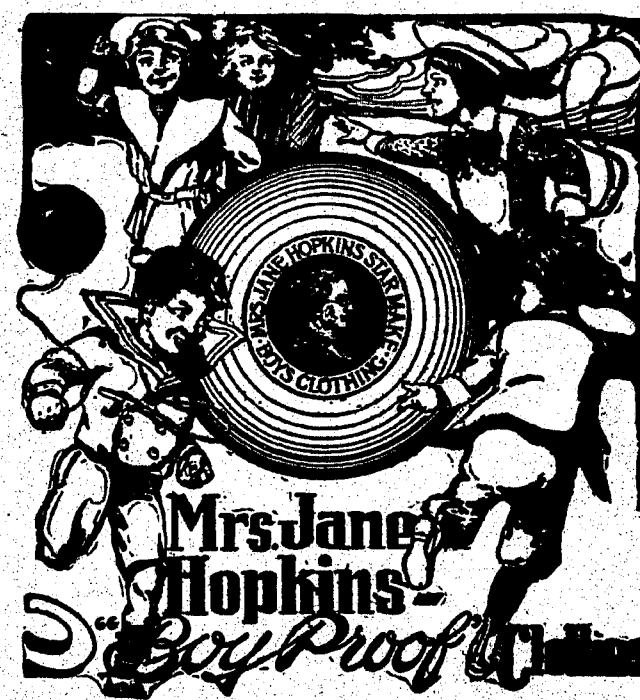
LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND,

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.



A. KRAUS & SON.

LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

Thirty Days Tourist Fares

TO
St. Lawrence River points
Canadian Resorts
New England Resorts
Lake Chaplain
Adirondack Mountains
New Jersey Coast

and the

SEASHORE

Via

Michigan Central

The Niagara Falls Route

New York and Return.....\$29.70
Boston and Return.....29.80
Atlantic City and Return.....29.90
Asbury Park and Return.....29.55
Portland, Me. and Return.....31.55
Montreal and Return.....24.20
Saranac Lake and Return.....29.35

Equally low round trip fares to other Eastern Tourist Resorts. Tickets on sale every day during August and September; good returning within thirty days.

Tickets optional via Lake Steamers between Detroit and Buffalo and on Hudson River Steamers.

Liberal stop-over privileges at Detroit, Niagara Falls, and other points without extra charge.

For Particulars Consult Ticket Agents.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 12

Local and Neighboring News.

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are \$1.50 per year in ADVANCE. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A following of your name means we wait our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

For Sale—A good young milch cow. Price \$38.00. P. Aebli, Grayling.

Trout season closes on August 15th this year and will remain closed until May 1st next year.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price call at the AVALANCHE office.

Miss Lulu Oliver, of Terre Haute, Ind., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Wright.

Travel is forbidden on what is known as the swamp road east of town by order of Highway Commissioner.

Those shirtwaist rings are beauties, see them and get one at A. Peterson's Jewelry Store.

Hearing Binders, Mowers, Rakes and a full line of repairs, for sale by F. R. Deckrow.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Wetz, of Dayton O., left here Sunday for Petoskey, for a week's outing.

WANTED—Horses and Cattle to pasture. Good pasture, shelter and water. Address P. Aebli, Grayling, Mich.

Now is the right time to get your friend's a souvenir spoon. We have a large assortment. A. Peterson's Jewelry Store.

Try one of Edison's latest \$22.00 phonographs and one dozen records free for one week. Enquire for further particulars. C. J. Hathaway.

The Danish Young People's Society will serve Ice Cream and Cake, Friday afternoon and evening, August 20, at their hall.

Plumbing work, Plumbing Goods, Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Closets, Kitchen Sinks and Range Boilers. Show Room, Cedar St. F. R. DECKROW.

The trout season for this year ends next Sunday. Of course all the disciples of "Isaac" will catch enough for their Sunday dinner.

Supervisor Craven, of Frederic, was in town Monday. The new train, coming from the north before noon, is a handy thing for our neighbors.

Note that Dr. Bush of Saginaw has changed his address here from the New Russell, to his office over Lewis & Co's drug store. His next date is the 19th and 20th.

We have them, those new shirt waist rings, now is the time to get them as they will not last very long. Get them at A. Peterson's Jewelry store.

Wanted—I want to buy a house and lot in Grayling; will pay spot cash, but will not pay any fancy price. Address communication to P.O. Box 198, Grayling, Mich.

Don't forget the Ice Cream Social at the Danish Hall, Friday afternoon and evening, Aug. 20th. 10 cents pays the bill. Proceeds to go toward piano fund.

Dr. Bush Dentist, has secured permanent rooms over Lewis & Co's drug store, which will be ready for his patients at his next visit August 19 and 20.

Do not miss "A Pair of Country Kids" Co., at the Opera House next Saturday eve. The public wants good things to be amused with and the "Kids" fill the bill.

O. Milnes of Lewistown was in town last week looking as natural as ever, but seemed as natural as ever, and if he would stay here would be welcomed back to our citizenship.

A Washington scientist claims that he has found a way of making whiskey without a worm. What is really needed, however, is something that will eliminate the snakes.

A Pair of Country Kids the best comedy drama you will have the opportunity of seeing this season at popular prices, will be at the Opera House on Saturday eve., August 14th.

In the crop report of the Secretary of State, Aug. 6, the northern counties are given the highest average on corn, potatoes, beans, apples and peaches. The agriculture of the state is steadily coming our way.

After the funeral services for the late E. N. Salling, at Manistee, Mr. and Mrs. John K. Hanson spent ten days visiting old friends in the cities on the west side of the state, returning last Saturday.

The next attraction at the Opera House will be the famous "Pair of Country Kids" Co., now in its fourth year and better than ever. Date of Saturday Aug. 14, is for one night only, and popular prices will prevail.

Get your reserved seats now for "A Pair of Country Kids" at the Opera House next Saturday. There may not be hundreds turned away, and the theatre may not be crowded, but every theatre-goer knows the "Kids" are one of the most successful companies on the road, and can be enjoyed all the better with a good comfortable seat.

Milch cows for sale. Enquire at this office.

The mercury registered 92° last Friday, 93° Saturday, 92° Sunday. It is cooler now.

Probate Judge Batterson had to keep open court all last week, in closing several estates.

Miss Mary E. Fleming of Saginaw is visiting her brother Rev. J. H. Fleming a few weeks.

Contractor Burdick, who is building the Poor House, was made happy last week by a visit from his wife.

There will be a union service at the Presbyterian church Sunday evening. Rev. Robert Houston will preach.

Anyone thinking our village is being deserted have only to run over to Portage Lake to find the missing ones.

Since the rains, potatoes and corn are humping themselves, and promise to get ahead of the frost and give a big yield.

The beautiful lawns and fine shade trees in our village are giving "The only town on the map" a state wide reputation.

A commodious house, barn and chicken coop, with four lots, in the east part of the village, for sale cheap, or for rent.

New cement walk is going in this week on the north side of Ogema street, in front of A. Taylor and M. Hanson's residences.

The exterior of the Poor House is near enough completion so that its beauty is perceptible. It is a fine and long needed structure.

A hobo caught a young lady on a side street here in his arms, but she screamed, and got away and ran. The brute could not be found.

Rev. Mr. Fleming will resume next Sunday morning the illustrated talks to the boys and girls of the congregation before the regular sermon.

Mrs. Celia Grauger has bought the "Burt Martin" residence on the corner of Vine and Maple street. It is a pleasant home in a pleasant locality.

The street commissioner is doing some long needed work, in permanent improvement of Norway and Cedar streets. The teamsters call him blessed.

You cannot afford to be in doubt as to the condition of your eyes when you can know positively. Examinations either day or evening. C. J. Hathaway, Optometrist.

Report comes down from the Ward farm in Maple Forest, that every farm employe has struck for shorter hours. They want to stop and start with the mill whistles.

Carl Wilson is enjoying a visit from his brother Montrose and nephew of Hastings, who have come up for a few huckleberries and some of our speckled beauties.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Standard are made glad by the visit from his cousin Mrs. Grace Bloomer, of Flint, with husband and daughter Margarette, and that blessed baby "Grace" whom they had never seen.

John A. Johnson and family have moved to Lansing, where he hopes to find a little easier life. They will be missed by many friends that they have made in their long residence here.

B. H. Hellen who is spending the summer at his cottage at Higgins lake left Wednesday afternoon for Chicago in response to a telegram stating that his home there had been ransacked by robbers sometime Sunday night.—Roscommon Herald.

Fred Havens and wife came home from Chicago last week for their summer vacation. Fred has grown to almost a giant, notwithstanding his fractured spine received a few years ago on the R. R. in Nebraska. Of course he is already feasting on trout.

A "smart allice" from Detroit came up here to see the natives. He attempted a flirtation with a lady in the depot, but she was not of the flirting kind, and started up the street where he followed and assaulted her. He is boarding in Detroit now for 90 days, but not in his home.

John F. Hum reports that the house he is erecting on the "Garden Farm" of Mr. J. E. Gardener, who lately came to this section from Illinois, will cost complete \$2,500 to \$3,000. It will be heated by steam, and have a modern not and cold water system. John says the crops are fine.

L. Herrick and wife, and M. Simpson and wife, took in Petoskey by the inland route from Indian river, which is one of the finest little trips in the Union, last Saturday, and returned via Mackinaw, St. Ignace and Cheboygan, reaching here on the early Monday evening train.

Mrs. Lizzie Foley nee Bradley came up from their Oscoda county home last Monday, with Mr. and Mrs. L. Fox, who live near. All had a little time to shake hands with old friends, and took home a wagon load of merchandise. They know that "the only town on the map" is the place to trade.

When the new law takes effect, members of boards of supervisors can draw pay for committee work performed while the board is not in session. This was the custom of supervisors in Michigan until a decision of the supreme court declared that supervisors could not draw pay for committee work between sessions. But that privilege is now legally restored through the bill which the governor signed.

A dance will be given at the Temple T. hall, Friday evening, August 13th. Good order will be maintained.

Local dealers in tobacco will be interested in the new cigarette law which took effect last week. It forbids the sale of the "cotton balls" or the "makin'gs" to minors under any circumstances, and the same a criminal act with a severe penalty for even the first offense.

Floyd Failing and wife, and Frank Failing, of Tekonsha, are guests of their father, Peter Failing of Beaver Creek, and visiting all the other Failing's. The boys were here twelve years ago, and are wonderfully surprised at the improvements noticed on every side.

The Day City and Detroit papers, Tuesday morning, report a 14 year old girl named Cogswell, as a runaway to Detroit from Grayling, where she stranded, and confessed to the police, who notified the parents and they went after the child. We are unable to find any one of the name, to confirm the report.

The city of Detroit now boasts a population of 479,390, a gain of 50,000 in one short year. The total manufactured produce for the city for the fiscal year amounted to the enormous sum of \$180,000,000, the automobile industry leading with an output of \$50,000,000, and the car industry coming next with \$28,000,000.

John Patterson, a former resident of Frederic, is now foreman on the big farm of Mr. Gardner, just across the town line from Beaver Creek, south. They have 120 acres cleared this year, an entire section nearly fenced with woven wire and crops looking fine. A four acre field was sown to alfalfa alone last month, and is as fine a catch as needs to be seen. They propose to make it a "Garden Farm." Fine buildings are being erected. We shall keep an eye on it.

Many of our citizens were glad last week to again meet E. H. Putman, son of Rev. Wm. Putman, who was the first resident clergyman in Grayling, and who is now hale and hearty at the ripe age of 89 years, living in Lansing. He is Chaplain of the Mich. Department of the G. A. R. which all the business he pretends to look after. E. H. was station agent of the M. C. R. R. at Frederic for many years, and went from there to Chicago remaining in R. R. work a total of 27 years. He has just left them, and taken a position with an eastern hardware house as traveling salesman.

Liquor Law Provisions.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 12.—Under the new liquor law which was passed at the last session of the legislature, and which goes into effect Sept. 2, a great many saloons in Michigan will have to discard expensive signs, electric signs, etc., which hang over their front doors. The law prohibits the display of a sign advertising liquors upon the outside of any part of a building used for retailing liquors.

Many places will also have a problem to face in deciding the limits of districts where saloons may be located, the act prescribing that no new bar or saloon can be established within 400 feet along the street line from the front entrance of a church or public school house, or to establish a new bar or saloon in any residence district without the consent of all the property owners within 300 feet. Just how to define a residence district is a matter which will probably be up to many councils to decide in many cities.

The Potato Crop.

Potato shippers of Michigan have lost more money the last season than in any like period in the history of the business.

This was largely due to the high prices which have prevailed for months and the disposition of so many holders of stock to hang on to their supplies for still higher prices.

The acreage this year will be enormous and the outlook now is for an exceptionally large crop in this state. What other states will do cannot be said, but in view of the big prices growers secured it is presumed there has been quite general planting all over the country. On the face of things this would indicate much lower prices when the potatoes are ready for marketing.

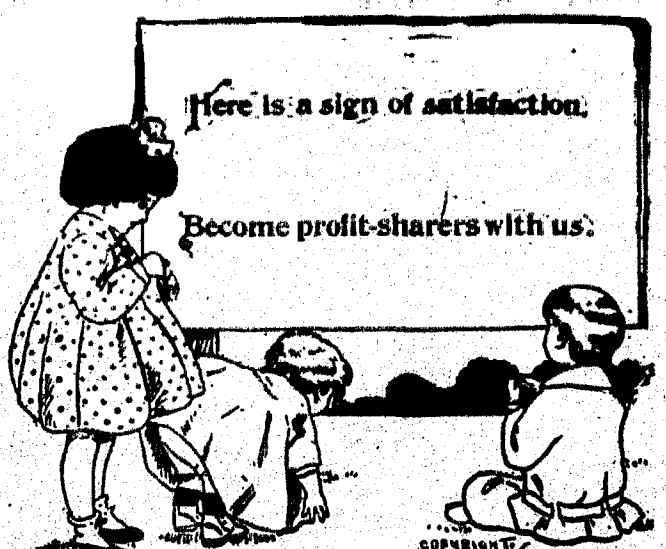
All the reports from men and correspondents at different points is of splendid indicatio for large returns for the present crops. This will be a trifle late owing to the backward growing weather, but the weather we are getting now is just the sort to produce a big yield, and this is what all dealers are anticipating. The new crop will be getting into the market along in August.—Grand Rapids Press.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our thanks to the Danish Sisterhood, Foresters and Rebekah Lodges and to neighbors and friends for the many acts of kindness and gift of flowers at the time of our bereavement, and the final obsequies for our loved one.

LUDWIG RASMUSSEN
MR. and MRS. FRED HANSON.

A Woman's Simple Life Card.
To be tender, to be kind, to be able to bear our trials bravely, to decide without prejudice, and to rise above suspicion; to look for the beautiful and the good in the precious common things about us; to let the song of inward trust and peace rise to our lips and permeate our lives—this is the simple life.—Ruth Storry.



You will
Always be Satisfied

That you are getting full value for your money and many times a good bargain if you come here to buy

Furniture and Wall Paper.

Our profits are so very low that we consider that we divide them with you. Come and let us show you some of the new styles recently received

Sorenson's Furniture Store
GRAYLING, MICH.

New York and Return, \$29.70
Boston and Return, = \$29.80

Proportionately low round trip fares to all Eastern tourists' resorts.

The Thousand Islands, Saratoga, The Adirondacks, Canadian Resorts, Lakes George and Champlain The White Mountains, New England, the Seashore and Jersey Coast Points.

—via—
Michigan Central
"The Niagara Falls Route"

Tickets on sale every day during July, August and September; good returning within thirty days.

Tickets optional via Lake Steamers between Detroit and Buffalo and available on the Hudson River Steamers.

Liberal stop-over privileges at Detroit, Niagara Falls and other points without extra charge.

For Particulars Consult Ticket Agents.

H. E. Church.
Sunday, August 15, 1909.
Preaching Service at 10:30.
Sunday School at 11:30 a. m.
Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.
Prayer service at 7:30.
Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30.

Young and old, are cordially invited to attend all religious meetings of this church. This means YOU.
ROBERT HOUSTON, Pastor.

Presbyterian Church.
Sunday, August 15, 1909.
Mid week prayer meeting at the church Thursday eve., at 7:30 p. m.
Preaching service at 10:30 a. m.
Subject—"Living the Christ Life: or What is Worth the While."
Sabbath School at 11:45 a. m. A. B. Failing, Supt.
Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m.
Prayer service at 7:30.
Preaching by Rev. R. Houston.
All are cordially invited to attend these services.
J. HUMPHREY FLEMING, Pastor.

Excursion SATURDAY
July 31, August 7, 14, 21, and 28th.

(Returning same day)
TO
Indian River \$1.15
Cheboygan \$1.50
Mackinaw City \$1.80
Mackinaw Island \$2.30

Special train leaves 8.00 a. m.
FOR PARTICULARS
Consult Ticket Agent
MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Washington's Plague Spot.
Lie in the low, marshy bottoms of the Potomac, the breeding ground of malaria germs. These germs cause chills, fever and ague, biliousness, jaundice, lassitude, weakness and general debility and bring suffering or death to thousands yearly. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malaria troubles. "They are the best all-around tonic and cure for malaria I ever used," writes E. M. James, of Louisville, S. C. They cure stomach, liver, kidney and blood troubles and will prevent Typhoid. Try them. Guaranteed by A. M. Lewis & Co.

A basket picnic will be given by Crawford County Grange, at Simpson's lake September 8th. All are cordially invited to attend.
KATIE WALDRON
Ass't Secretary.

Notice.
Patrons to the Grayling City Telephone will kindly note the following additional numbers:
Dr. S. N. Insley—Office 78.
Torkild Boeson—Residence 703.
P. C. Peterson—771.

M. A. BATES.
Manager.
Farmers' Picnic.
The Crawford Co Farmers Association will hold their Annual Picnic at their grounds, two miles northwest of Cheney on Thursday the second day of September. Come and have a good time. Don't forget your lunch basket.

ARTHUR W. PARKER
Secretary.

A basket picnic will be given by Crawford County Grange, at Simpson's lake September 8th. All are cordially invited to attend.
KATIE WALDRON
Ass't Secretary.



MANY READY MADE DRESSES, SHIRT WAISTS, AND CLOAKS AND WRAPS THAT ARE SOLD, FIT LITTLE BETTER THAN A BARREL. WE ARE NOT ASHAMED FOR A WOMAN WHOM WE FIT OUT TO LOOK AT HER BACK. EVEN NEGLIGEE GARMENTS MIGHT JUST AS WELL BE PROPERLY CUT. IT COSTS NO MORE BUT SO MANY MANUFACTURERS ARE CARELESS, THEY DO NOT WISH TO MAKE THINGS, BUT THINGS "JUST AS GOOD." A THING THAT IS JUST AS GOOD CAN BE NO BETTER THAN A GOOD THING. WE DO NOT CLAIM THAT WHAT WE SELL YOU IS "JUST AS GOOD," BUT THAT IT IS "GOOD." WOULD YOU NOT RATHER HAVE SOMETHING GOOD? COME TO A GOOD PLACE.

Grayling Mercantile Company

DENTIST
DR. FREDERICK E. BUSH
of Saginaw will be at his office over
A. M. LEWIS & CO., DRUG STORE.
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
AUGUST 19 AND 20.

to practice dentistry in all its branches,
Teeth extracted positively without pain, Gold Crowns and Bridge work, all kinds of plate work and filling. All work guaranteed.
EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE.
REGULAR CALLS THERE AFTER.

Drugs. Patent Medicines.

Central Drug Store

N. ROLFSON PROPRIETOR
"The Best Drugs."

COME

and see the finest and largest assortment of fishing tackle in the town.

We have a fine assortment of rods such as

Greenheart rods	Rod cases	Flies and Fly Books
Lanchwood rods	Fish Baskets	Leader Boxes
Split Bamboo rods	Nets	Bait boxes
Steel rods	Reels	Drinking Cups
Muskalng rods	Lines	Extra Tips

Dowgiac Minnows
Trout Spinners
Bass Spinners
Rubber Frogs
Buck Tails
Trotting Lines
Etc., Etc.

Bring us your Family Recipes. Prescription Work a Specialty
O. W. ROESER, Manager.

Candy. **Cigars**

Job Printing
Neatly and Promptly done
At this office.

The Outlook

SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT NEWS

Two men and one woman were drowned when a launch upset near Toledo.

The imports of manufacturers' raw materials into the United States during 1908 were the heaviest in history. Thirty-two met death by drowning throughout the country, two while making vain efforts to rescue others.

Turkey headed the urging of the powers and delayed sending of an ultimatum to Greece in Cretan trouble.

It was reported that China had withdrawn objections to the reconstruction of the Antung-Mukden Railroad.

Dr. Charles E. Woodruff, army surgeon and major, said blonde in America will become extinct because there is too much sunshine.

Several club women went over Ella Glagles and showered kisses upon her as she departed from Chicago to found a store in County Antrim, Ireland, with a promise of \$1,500 to be raised for her in Chicago.

King Edward greeted Czar Nicholas with an amazing naval pageant.

Opposition of eighteen Republicans to the alleged "joker" in the hides and leather schedule put a hitch in the passage of the tariff bill by Senate.

Employees of Chicago street railway lines rejected the offer of the companies to renew old agreements and ordered a referendum vote on question of calling strike.

Mrs. Sage bought site on which will be erected model homes for families of small means.

An Indianapolis councilman was attacked by mob after being accused of trickery in political appointments.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson's pet street railway scheme was beaten in a Cleveland referendum election by 3,982 votes.

Theodore Roosevelt was given a banquet and presented with various trophies of the hunt at Nairobi, British East Africa.

Chief Moore of the weather bureau issued an edict that old weather secrets must give way to younger men.

An unique pageant was taken part in by 2,000 persons at Gloucester, Mass., in celebration of that old town's birth.

George M. Shippey resigned as chief of police of Chicago and Mayor Buse offered the appointment to his private secretary, Bernard J. Mullane.

The urgency deficiency bill appropriating \$1,000,000 passed the House, carrying automobiles for the Speaker and Vice President despite bitter opposition.

Chicago street car employees voted for a strike.

The Payne tariff bill passed the Senate and was signed by President Taft, becoming law at midnight.

A lone robber looted a bank in White Bear, Minn., and wounded four of a posse before he himself was slain.

Strikers in Stockhold are living on fish and the city was faced by famine. Additional troops were ordered to the scene.

One person was killed and nearly forty were injured when a Pennsylvania suburban train demolished a Chicago Whiting electric car at "death curve."

Lord Kitchener succeeded Duke of Connaught as inspector general of the Mediterranean forces.

A naval officer, shot from torpedo tube at the bottom of the ocean, reached the surface in safety.

Former Judge Joseph R. Clarkson, who disappeared from Kenosha July 14, was found in an Iowa button factory.

Grave diggers returned to work at Stockholm and dissection was apparent in the ranks of other strikers in Sweden.

A complete itinerary of President Taft's Western trip was given out and took on new meaning in the light of the recent dissection of certain Western Senators whose homes the President will visit.

Lawyers concluded arguments in the Thaw hearing.

King Edward made a million in steel by taking Morgan's tip.

Former Judge Clarkson, of Kenosha, who disappeared July 14, slowly recovered memory at his aged mother's home.

President Taft arrived at the "summer capitol" and immediately began play on golf links.

Miss Isabella M. Halkett, one of Chicago's oldest school teachers in point of service, perished in a gasoline explosion, her sister being severely burned in trying to save her.

David Belasco, in selecting actors and actresses for a new company, rejected all who have been divorced, made marriage a requisite and also preferred couples with large families.

The first regular passenger train on the Grand Trunk Pacific road arrived at Scott, 585 miles west of Winnipeg.

By changing the manner of collecting taxes on imported beer, Collector Leeb of the port of New York has made an extra \$250,000 a year for the government.

The Liberian republic is to have a new lease of life as a result of the report being prepared at Washington by the commission which investigated conditions in Africa.

Slayers of Petrosino Traced

Two Men Now Under Arrest at Columbus in Italy at Time.

Inspector Oldfield in his report to the Postmaster General states that Antonio Marri and Colongo Vicario, both of whom are in jail at Columbus awaiting action by the grand jury, were in Sicily at the time of the murder of Lieut. Petrosino, the New York detective. He says they returned to the United States after the assassination and furnished the theory that if the New York police should cooperate with the postal inspectors it is possible that connection can be traced between them and the society of the "Blackhanders" who are believed to have murdered the New York police lieutenant.

Nineteen money orders, each for \$1,000, and one for \$50 have been traced to Italy for the fund to protect from justice the slayers of Petrosino. The money was sent by Camilla Nunzioli Lina, who is supposed to be either the sister or wife of Salvatore, the head of the organized society at Marion, O.

Decides 30,000 Land Suits.

Judge Rules Against Government in Indian Cases in Oklahoma.

Federal Judge Ralph E. Campbell in Muskogee, Okla., sustained the demurrers of defendants in 30,000 Indian land alienation suits brought by the government. The actions by the government were ordered dismissed. The court held that the titles obtained from the Indians before the act removing restrictions went into effect are good. The alienation suits were brought by the government in the interests of the members of the Five Civilized Tribes. It is estimated that about 2,000,000 acres of land were involved. The defendants in the suits, who claimed title to the land by reason of purchase from the Indians, are scattered throughout the United States and some reside in Scotland and Mexico.

Final Land Rush Is Small.

Registration for Western Indian Reservations Below Expectations.

With the closing of the notary's office at midnight Thursday night the last opportunity to apply for Flathead reservation lands passed. The final rush was not up to expectations, and it seems doubtful if the total of the applications will reach 300,000. The official statement issued by Judge Wilton, superintending the opening, shows the following receipts of applications for the day, with totals: Ceur d'Alene, 4,807; total, 104,416. Kalispell, 1,420; total, 22,298. Missoula, 346; total, 50,994. Spokane, 4,573; total, 96,821. This may be increased another 20,000 by applications yet to be mailed, all of which must reach the land office before the drawing begins.

"Ray" Thaw's Suicide Plan.

Bertha Delina, a young woman, after quarreling with a suitor on the street in Roanoke, Va., shot herself in the head in an attempt to commit suicide. A "rat" in her hair saved her life, the speed of the bullet from a 32-caliber revolver being checked by that appurtenance.

Bolt Kills a Couple in Home.

During a severe electrical storm at Bealeton, Va., Andrew Jones and his wife were struck by lightning and instantly killed as they sat in their home.

Six Hurt in Freight Crash.

Six persons were injured in the collision of a Baltimore & Ohio freight train and a yard engine just east of Chicago Junction, O., during a fog.

The Canadian Minister of Marines announced at Montreal that the government had resolved upon the maintenance of a navy and that Quebec would have the preference for a dry dock for large vessels.

Secretary of the Interior Baillinger said at Seattle that he had not clashed with Secretary Wilson, but that he and Gifford Pinchot differ as to the law on forest reserves.

Samuel R. Pierce of Colorado Springs, Col., and Miss Margaret Anderson, an American, were married in St. George's chapel, London, by special license.

Jacob Steinfeld, of Cleveland, and H. E. Hall, of Montgomery, Mo., who were among twenty-nine persons injured when the Continental limited on the Wabash Railroad was wrecked near Orrick, Mo., were discharged from the hospital at Kansas City. The other injured persons are recovering. Seven persons were killed.

Carson's Value Is Found O. K.

Earlier Carson was in Oakland before an audience of 10,000 whose unanimous verdict was that his voice was still excellent and admirably under control—far better than it was before his operation recently.

Kills Two While Domestic.

S. V. McDonald, a farmer living near Chickasha, Okla., during a fit of temporary insanity, shot and killed his wife's brother, J. A. Thompson, and Mrs. Thompson, and then shot himself. His own wife escaped.

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Navy Boxing Bout Is Fatal.

Sailor on Battleship Vermont Dies of Injuries.

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Commercial Financial

The sustained improvement in business is emphasized by a high aggregate of payments through the banks, smaller trading deficits, and widening demands upon productive capacity and transportation facilities.

Tariff revision as an accomplished fact removes some uncertainties and the way is made easier to decide upon new projects. Iron and steel conditions have entered upon a most encouraging outlook, and the success of that industry imparts strength to many other industrial branches.

Factory outputs begin to approach the best previous records. The aggregate of new demands for finished products assures increasing employment of facilities and labor, although the subject of adequate profits may for a time cause some hesitancy in commitments. Movements of commodities are seen to be steadily expanding and high temperatures cause widespread supplementary buying in the leading retail lines here and at the interior.

An expected advance in some costs has brought increased activity in wholesale lines of general merchandise, the attendance of visiting merchants being far above the numbers usual at this season. Crop reports remain uniformly good, particularly as to corn, and this prospect of an unprecedented addition to the purchasing power is construed as favorable to capital investment and renewed enterprise in commercial channels. Freight movements both east and west now draw more exhaustively upon available equipment, and grain marketings are exceptionally large and promise to continue so for months.

Bank clearings, \$257,815,620, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1908 by \$13 per cent.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number 22, against 29 last week, 21 in 1908 and 24 in 1907. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 number 6, against 4 last week, 4 in 1908 and 4 in 1907.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade.

NEW YORK.

With the advent of August the new tariff has become an accomplished fact, the leading crops are assuming more tangible form with some tempering of earlier exuberant estimates of yield; high premiums on old supplies of farm products are disappearing and the usual fall buyers' excursions are bringing purchasers to leading markets. There is also noted this year what was absent for two preceding years—a growing scarcity of labor.

On the other hand, there are some features of the trade and the industrial situation not as yet clearly defined. High raw material cost makes for caution in placing orders in some lines of cotton goods and the advance in the prices of some lines of finished iron and steel is claimed to have discouraged some new business.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending with Aug. 5 were 184, against 223 last week, 208 in the like week of 1908, 167 in 1907, 137 in 1906 and 168 in 1905. Canadian failures for the week number 27, which compares with 24 last week and 19 in the corresponding week of 1908.—Bradstreet's.

MARKET OF THE WEEK

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$7.50; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.50 to \$8.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.25 to \$5.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.01 to \$1.02; corn, No. 2, 65c to 67c; oats, standard, 35c to 40c; rye, No. 2, 73c to 74c; hay, timothy, \$8.00 to \$15.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$14.00; butter, choice creamery, 22c to 25c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 23c; potatoes, new, per bushel, 50c to 68c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.10; hogs, \$4.00 to \$8.05; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, \$1.06 to \$1.07; corn, No. 2, 65c to 66c; oats, No. 2, 35c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 79c to 80c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$8.10; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.05 to \$1.06; corn, No. 2, yellow, 73c to 75c; oats, No. 2, white, 48c to 50c; rye, No. 1, 72c to 73c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.25 to \$1.26; corn, No. 3, 68c to 67c; oats, standard, 51c to 53c; rye, No. 1, 78c to 80c; barley, standard, 70c to 72c; pork, mess, \$20.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$6.30; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$8.35; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.50; lamb, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$7.50.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, good to choice heavy, \$2.50 to \$8.00; sheep, good to choice, \$2.50 to \$6.15; wheat, No. 2, \$1.08 to \$1.10; corn, No. 2, white, 74c to 75c; oats, No. 2, white, 63c to 64c.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$8.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.18 to \$1.14; corn, No. 2, 75c to 76c; oats, natural white, 49c to 51c; butter, creamery, 23c to 26c; eggs, western, 21c to 24c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$6.25; hogs, \$4.00 to \$8.10; sheep, \$3.00 to \$

FARM AND GARDEN

A Scotchman announces a "new method of keeping fine fruits fresh." He proposes to pick the fruit "in the height of the sun" and pack it in dry granulated sugar. The sugar may be reused.

Dairying is good for sections where the soil is naturally poor or where it has been run down by careless cultivation. It helps build up the soil. But don't make the mistake of keeping poor cows to build up the soil, for it will prove a losing business.

Fires will bother cattle in spite of anything you can do, but the pest can be mitigated by spraying the cattle each morning with the following mixture before they go to pasture: To one gallon of kerosene oil add three ounces of creolin and five ounces of oil of tar. Stir these ingredients thoroughly before using.

It requires some expense and trouble to establish an asparagus bed in the garden, yet every one who owns his land should put in a bed, even if it consist of but 100 roots. A well-cooked dish of asparagus is a luxury that must be tried to be properly appreciated, and when it comes the grower will think himself well repaid for all that it has cost him.

Colic in horses is generally the result of carelessness or improper feeding. The stomach of the horse is small and the digestion is limited, and if the horse is hungry and overfed, or is allowed to gulp down a big feed, colic is the result. Also if musty hay, or musty, sour feed is used, or if fresh-cut grass wet with dew or rain is hastily eaten in large quantities, colic is often the result.

A farmer who always has a number of beehives has been losing a number when they would swarm. He took an empty hive and placed it 40 feet high on one of the large oaks growing in his forest. The bees discovered the hive and he soon had a hive of bees in it that he would have lost had he not placed that box in the tree. If you have no bees and want to start in honey growing, put up a small hive in one of the largest trees about your home. This plan has been known to succeed a number of times in capturing a lost swarm of honey makers.

Halting Breaking.
A very troublesome habit is that of halting-breaking. Once a horse finds it can break the halter it is everlasting at the job. To cure the habit is not nearly so easy as to prevent the horse from learning it. Horses that are inclined to pull and break their halters when fastened in the stall have often been cured in the following way: Two straps are tightly attached to a rope which passes through a ring fastened in the end of the halter-strap. The halter strap passes through a ring in the stall. If a horse endeavors to go backwards the greater is the tendency to draw the forelegs from under the animal. A few attempts will cure even the worst halter-puller. Another simple and effective method is worked out by the use of a long rope. One end of the rope is first attached to the manger and is then threaded through the lower ring in the halter, back between the front legs then over the back and down under the belly, between the front legs again and up through the ring to the other end and then tied to the halter. The halter-breaker will soon find a surprise in store when it leans back against the rope as the pull comes on its own back instead of on the rope.—Denver Field and Farm.

Spraying Apple Trees.
While there are some growers who spray their trees once before the buds open in the spring, there are more who apply the spray mixture first as the petals of the blossoms are falling, and if but one application is to be made this is decidedly the best time to make it. The earlier spraying is for fungous diseases, while the one made just as the blossoms are falling is for both fungous diseases and insects. The blossoms having fallen, the calyx of the young apple is in just the right condition to receive an application of poison to be ready for the young larvae of the codling moth when they appear. This dose of poison must be placed in the calyx of the apple before the calyx closes, which occurs within a week or ten days after the blossoms fall.

Growers who wish to spray their trees thoroughly make about four applications—the first as the leaf buds are unfolding; the second just as the petals of the blossoms are falling; the third within ten days and the fourth one ten days to two weeks later. There is a growing sentiment in favor of still another application later in the season to catch the later brood of the codling moth.—Exchange.

Wheat as Feed.
Many people do not feed their hens wheat simply because it is higher in price than oats or corn. The feeding of high priced feed to laying hens may or may not be profitable according to the man, his methods, and his flock. However, there are few other general feeds for laying hens better than wheat. With a flock well taken care of otherwise wheat can be fed with a profit. This grain at 90 cents a bushel is 1½ cents a pound, and with good methods a pound of wheat ought to produce at least two eggs, which at average market prices would be more than double the cost of the wheat. Profits in egg production do

not depend so much upon the cost of feed, but upon the amount of eggs a given feed will produce under normal conditions.

Wheat is proportionately rich in protein and mineral matter for the formation of eggs, and is also composed of a fair proportion of starch for producing heat and energy. Wheat fed to hens should be scattered in a deep litter of straw so that they must exercise in securing it and not eat it too fast.

Dry grain feed for fowls is to be commended instead of soft feeds for the simple reason that the birds have very strong grinding organs for reducing hard feeds. The function of the gizzard is for hard grinding, and it seems that the harder the foods are the more active the organs become and the healthier and more productive the fowl is.

Intensive Dairy Farming.
The question is often asked how many cows a certain number of acres will support. By the question is meant that the entire energy of the farm is to be devoted to raising food for the dairy cow. A farm in a good state of fertility can be easily arranged so that one could keep a cow to every two acres of land if the land is all good, rich, tillable land. And one would be able to raise both the forage or bulky part of the ration, and the grain ration, too. It could be done in a few years' time with the proper handling of the herd on the farm.

Three crops upon the farm will do it—first, corn; second, clover hay, and, third, peas and oats. Of course, the clover sod would be plowed down for corn and then the corn ground be put into peas and oats the following season. With these three foods one can make a balanced ration for the dairy cow without purchasing any other outside food, either concentrated or bulky.

The statement has often been made that an acre of good land will support a cow the year round. One dairyman made the remark that he could keep two cows on an acre, but practically the man who keeps one cow on two acres is doing very good business if he gets fair prices for the product. It is a fact that the demand for milk, butter and cheese is increasing faster than cows, and that prices are continually advancing. There is no better business than dairying.—Agricultural Epitomist.

Hog Raising.
It is quite a common thing to hear folks brag on the number of pigs a certain sow had at a litter. If it is 12 or 14, the sow is considered a farm stocker all by herself. The sow may be able to raise that many pigs, but they are not raised successfully. There is one thing it would pay us all to do when a sow has over 10 pigs; that is to kill all over that number at the end of a week, of course, disposing of the runs of the litter. In a large litter there are always runt pigs and it is usually not difficult to pick out the ones that should go. There is only another way to even up matters and raise the large litters as they should be raised. That is to have several sows farrow together and even up the pigs around among the sows until all have litters neither too large nor too small. We have often done this and find it works to perfection with gentle sows, as all brood sows should be. A great many times one sow will have 12 pigs, another six, and a third may meet with misfortune in saving only three live ones. In this case it is always best to divide until each has seven. It can be easily done if attended to in time. But, after all, it is best not to attempt the whole hog in saving the runs.—St. Louis Weekly Star.

Killing Poison Ivy.
Every summer we receive a flood of inquiries about "how to eradicate poison ivy." There are various ways, but the following are the best we've ever found:

Concentrated sulphuric acid will kill poison ivy. Dose each plant with a half teaspoonful to each stem, making the application during the growing season every three weeks. If a large area is covered by the plants, spraying with arsenate of soda (one pound to twenty gallons of water) will kill all vegetation. One application, if the plants are young and tender, will do this. In the middle of summer, however, they should be cut down first, and more than one application given. Here's another way: A friend of ours puts straw along the stone fences, etc., infested with poison ivy and then sets fire to the straw, repeating the operation at intervals until the plants give up trying to grow. This is easy, yet effective. By wearing gloves and approaching the vines on the windward side no one should have trouble in carrying out this treatment. Use a long-handled pitchfork.—Farm Journal.

The Vegetable Garden.
Plant the winter onions. Protect the cauliflower heads from the heat of the sun.

Do not allow the tomato vines to lie on the ground. Tie them to a stake.

This is about the "last call" for turnip sowing. Don't delay the matter any longer.

When the cabbage heads show signs of bursting, the growth can be checked a little by slightly pulling each head so as to break a few of the finer roots.

By at once gathering and burning all diseased onions, onion smut can be prevented.

"DRUMMER" OF THE PAST

Marshall Field knew "the road" from personal experience. Marshall Field was a commercial traveler; so were John Wanamaker and Tom Murray. So also were Dwight L. Moody, the great evangelist, and Richard Cobden, the famous English statesman and writer. Ex-Gov. Frank Black, of New York, followed "the road" with his sample cases before beginning his legal and political career. Walter D. Moody, one of the chief executives of the Chicago Association of Commerce, and author of "Men Who Sell Things," was for fifteen years a road salesman. This list might be extended almost indefinitely. Forrest Clissey says in "Everybody's":

Occasionally the commercial traveler leaves the road to enter one of the professions. Milton J. Foreman, one of the leaders of the Chicago bar, president of the Chicago Charter Association, alderman and a power in local politics, was a "star" but salesman, and took his law books on the road with him until he was well grounded in the rudiments of the profession.

Another commercial traveler, Charles N. Crowlson, took a course in the University of Chicago after he was married. There he became interested in Egyptology and later, between his regular commercial trips on the road, visited Egypt and studied the ancient ruins at first hand. This brought him into print in a series of travel articles and he found that he could write and write well. Later he began to draw upon his experience as a commercial traveler for literary material and scored a success and a national reputation. But he resolutely withstood all temptation to be drawn away from the road. His work kept him in touch with the world of affairs, and one day his alert eye caught sight of the opportunity to start a novel business enterprise "on the side." His "road partner" became his actual partner in the new enterprise. Their work for their respective houses took them where they most needed to go in the interest of their private venture. To-day one of these men draws a salary of \$12,000 and the other a little less than that, while their private venture probably yields them more than they earn from their regular calling.

SHORT METER SERMONS.

The Center of Worth.
The soul is the secret of all values, artistic, commercial and social. Save that center of worth and you save the whole circle of wealth.—Rev. C. C. Woods, Episcopalian, Fresno, Cal.

What the Church Forgets.
The church has often forgotten that it can never be divided into classes, but must ever be the common meeting ground of all classes.—Rev. W. H. Foulkes, Presbyterian, Portland, Ore.

Better in Future Life.
No intelligent man can subscribe to a creed which eliminates the idea of a future life, thereby stifling the loftiest aspiration of his being.—Rev. Murdoch McLeod, Presbyterian, Tacoma, Wash.

Representative Christianity.
Christianity is representative. It does not do violence. It represents the animal, cramps the selfishness. It confines the ox to his stall.—Rev. Stetson, Presbyterian, Cour d'Alene, Idaho.

Youth's Folly.
It is the crowning folly of modern youth that it thinks that life can be lived from day to day without any attempt to settle the final question of why and whither.—Rev. J. P. D. Lloyd, Presbyterian, Seattle.

Healthy Mind.
Beware of morbid self-examination. Be healthy minded. The current of love always flows outward toward the one loved to benefit and bless.—Rev. A. M. Bailey, Methodist, Akron, O.

Little Faults.
A good wife ought to have patience with her husband's little faults. If he didn't have some faults he wouldn't be a man. He would be an angel.—Rev. W. W. Eustard, Baptist, Boston.

The Feet Mistake.
The chief business of the church, in the name of its Divine Head, is to save men from the fatal mistake that life consists in the abundance of material things.—Rev. W. H. Stevens, Presbyterian, Huntington, Canada.

Slender.
Not only the man who originates slanders, but the man who idly repeats them, or even lends ready credence to them, is poisoning the sources of public opinion.—Rev. A. T. Hadley, New Haven.

The Struggle.
Your trouble is not so much in what you have to do; it is the coming to the condition where you are ready to say in your heart, "I will do it." This is the struggle.—Rev. J. C. Hayes, True Life Church, San Jose, Cal.

Not Inherited.
Nothing would induce good old Doctor Dore to believe that gout was hereditary. A very young man once consulted him in his first attack.

"You call this gout, Willie?" said the doctor. "Pooh! Pooh! You have not yet earned that costly privilege."

"But my father, sir, and my grandfather?" said Willie. "It is in my blood by right of inheritance."

"Nonsense!" frowned the doctor. "You may as well tell one you have a broken leg in your veins by inheritance."

A Financier.
The negro, although proverbially improvident, sometimes has his weather eye open.

Political Comment.

Roosevelt for Congress.
A person who pretends to know what he is talking about is quoted by one of the New York papers as saying that Mr. Roosevelt expressed his willingness, shortly before leaving the presidency, to go to the Senate as the successor of Depey or to accept election to the House of Representatives. According to this person, whose name is not given, Mr. Roosevelt told him this last February. And, if his friends urge him, he will return to the United States early enough in 1910 to participate in the campaign work of that year. If true, this is interesting. As Mr. Roosevelt loves activity, and as he has a passion for politics, there is a chance, a remote chance, that this story may be founded on fact.

The Legislature which will choose the successor to Depey will be elected in 1910. While the Senator has done a little at least in the last twelve months to rehabilitate himself, he will not get another term. Probably he does not want another election. He cannot get it if he did want it. The Senatorship has never brought him much prestige. He originated no great measure. On no important issue was his influence felt. In all the debates on all the questions which have been before his chamber during the ten years which he has been in it he said nothing which the country remembers, or which had any effect on the voting. Mr. Roosevelt or somebody else, probably somebody else, will step into his place on March 4, 1911.

As Mr. Roosevelt is aware, if he should go to the Senate or House he would not be breaking all the precedents. After leaving the White House John Quincy Adams served seventeen years in the popular branch of Congress, and he did excellent service to the country there. Andrew Johnson had hardly left the presidency before he began to seek election to House or Senate. After several defeats in this ambition he was chosen to the Senate, but he died when he was only a few weeks in office. Roosevelt would attract more attention in Congress even than Adams aroused. Probably, too, he would be able to render good service there. Yet his entrance into either branch of Congress within the next few years is unlikely. After his return to the United States in 1910 or 1911, however, his movements will be followed with great interest by his countrymen.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Railroads and Waterways.
Close study of the conditions of the inland waterways of this country shows that the prosperity or the depression of traffic upon canals and rivers depends upon the kind and quality of competition raised by the railroads. Not, perhaps, until a bond of interest can be arranged between water lines and railroad lines can the success of waterways be assured. The commissioner of corporations, in his recent report upon transportation, reviews the history of the decline of traffic upon the canals. The Erie canal, for example, carried more than twice as much freight as the railroads up to the year 1855. The business has now fallen to 3 per cent of that of the railroads. Canals, such as the Erie and Miami, are almost disused. The coal trade between Pittsburgh and the south moves largely by river, yet the trade is confined to river cities and towns. The railroads hold tight grasp upon inland business.

While freight can be carried much cheaper by water than by rail, figured on the cost per ton mile, transfers from water to rail might eat up all the savings of a shipment. Regulation of charges might prove extremely difficult if an attempt were made to counteract the retaliatory rates of rail competitors. The one possibility of an adjustment of differences which would permit of the development and the prosperity of waterways lies, probably, in an understanding between the two. Railroad men of foresight have said that the rail lines must some day look to the canals and rivers for the carriage of surplus. The companies might be expected to run their own boats in order to hold all the freight they can, build terminals and wharves and encourage water shipments.—Toledo Blade.

Who Owns America?
For their own purposes, the magazine muckrakers have chosen to confuse corporate control with corporate ownership. The millions of a trade combination, for the sake of the argument and the rhetoric of title, are generously shored into the coffers of a small group of men. "Who owns America?" asked one of the magazine geniuses of fantasy. The implication was that the men whose portraits were reproduced in the article were the owners. At best they merely had control. And stock control, as it has been shown in scores of instances, is a thing as uncertain as political popularity.

The population of the United States, it is estimated, is now about 96,000,000, counting in the islands. Of these human creatures twenty millions possess stock in corporations, or close upon one-fifth. If all enterprises, all ownership and wealth in the country were reduced to corporate shares, the real owners of America would not be the bald-headed gentlemen the muckraker parades for your delectation, but those who, by justice and right, are supposed to own America—the people. The corporation is not a perfect system of partnership division. It has, in recent years, been exploited by the unscrupulous just as it has been as unscrupulously attacked by other worthies. But the corporation represents an advance in the distribution of wealth. It cannot, in its imperfect state, be expected to last for all time, but until something better in the way of dispensing profits and distributing labors is devised, it must serve. In the meantime there is no reason to stampede every time an irresponsible magazine thinks it has found a new heap of muck.—Minneapolis Journal.

SUCCESS OF PROTECTIVE SYSTEM

The success of a system of protection involves a gradual lowering of duties. As an American industry develops, the margin of duty needed to keep out threatening importations necessarily shrinks. Importations cease gradually to be a source of danger. They become, in fact, only a beneficially negative influence in checking excessive prices demanded at home for domestic products. The progress of the iron and steel industry illustrates that transformation. Thirty years ago foreign iron and steel could out of the market. To-day American iron and steel makers sell their products abroad, and have practically no competition at home. Protective duties on iron and steel are no longer needed, except to discourage dumping here in hard times. On the other hand, it has become desirable to permit steel and iron manufactures to enter at low rates in good times, in order to set as a check on too high prices here.

Excessive rates encourage the belief that the government owes an indefinite support to domestic industries, when it really means to offer them a chance to show their capacity to make progress and to give a return for the benefits of protection. There has been too great a disposition shown by some of the protected interests to challenge the law that duties should generally decrease as industries mature.

President Taft expresses the orthodox protectionist view and gives voice to the demand of the great majority of the voters of the country, who are also staunchly protectionist, when he argues that a revision now should be downward and that a revision five or ten years hence will probably be still more downward.—New York Tribune.

More of the Useless to Go.
There have been several occasions recently for comments upon the weeding out of inefficient in the public service. In the Department of Commerce and Labor minor officials and clerks unable to show cause why they should longer draw pay have gone. The Department of the Interior also has suggested that holders of sinecures, by way of variety, try working for a living.

This surprising and cheering news from the capital is followed with the statement that the purely ornamental members of the legation staff and of the consular offices are to be called home. The ambassadorial perfections will, during this administration, be judged by the labor performed, not by the success of secretaries in insulting traveling Americans so indiscreet as to ask a bit of information of them. The consular service has been undergoing a course of renovation for some time. Elihu Root was responsible for many improvements. His work is to be carried on. Big and little, top and bottom, no office is to escape scrutiny; and if inefficiency be uncovered there will either be a shifting of stations or removal.

The government now maintains 298 consuls and consuls general, together with vice and deputy consuls, consular agents, clerks and interpreters, making about 1,200 in all. The percentage of foreigners in the American consular service has been reduced from 46.1 per cent to 18.3 per cent. It is the hope of the State Department to place Americans in all positions, even as substitutes for interpreters.

The agitation to increase the pay of our representatives abroad will be relieved with greater sympathy when it will have been made apparent that the increases are deserved.—Toledo Blade.

Business Improvement.
Among the encouraging signs noted by the mercantile agencies in the last week are:

Improvement in the condition of the crops.

An enlargement of the fall trade among jobbers.

Increase in industrial output.

Rising prices in manufactured goods.

Heavier demand for money.

Increase in railroad earnings.

Firmer prices in the pig iron market.

Associated with these signs of a return to normal business conditions are reports of clashes between labor and employers. These are partly due to the confidence of labor in the restoration of prosperity and its determination to share in the improvements, partly they are due to the increase in the cost of living. The attendance of strikes upon business gains is, of course, to be regretted, but it must be accepted as a movement for the more equitable distribution of the fruits of prosperity.

The imports have been large in anticipation of changes of the tariff, but the best showing is in the gains in exports. The foreign shipments at New York in one week of July reached the total of \$29,774,020, or \$7,846,957 over the business of the same week in 1908 and within \$447,090 of the same period in 1907.

With the marketing of the crops, which promise this year to break even the marvelous records of 1908, the normal state of trade should be reached. October may find conditions upon a par with the best of 1908.

Last of Its Kind.
There will be no more bills framed in the Senate like the Aldrich bill. It is the last of its kind. The standpaters in the upper house would be extremely unwise to risk what they have obtained in the pending revision by rejecting a conference report and inviting another experiment in tariff-making the next year or the year after. With the President, the House of Representatives and the country arrayed against them, they would be driven to the defensive and would see a revision undertaken over their heads involving reductions in the wool and cotton schedules, left practically intact in the House bill of 1909. The range Senators and a few other high tariff extremists in the Senate will cheerfully co-operate in getting the conference report through.—New York Tribune.

NEWS OF MICHIGAN

HUTCHINS SUCCEEDS DR. ANGELL

Board of Regents of University Selects New Acting President.
Ann Arbor, Mich., July 31.—Harry B. Hutchins, dean of the law department of the University of Michigan, will succeed Dr. James B. Angell as head of the institution the coming year. The board of regents has appointed him acting president. This is taken to mean that the regents will not select a permanent successor to Dr. Angell, who was recently elected president-emeritus after serving as head of the university for thirty-eight years, until next spring. Dean Hutchins has served in the same capacity before. It was in the year 1897-1898, during the absence of Dr. Angell as United States minister to Turkey. Dean Hutchins is recognized throughout the United States as an able lawyer and a brilliant educator. Under the appointment of the Supreme Court of Michigan, he revised and annotated several volumes of the Supreme Court reports. He has published an American edition of Williams on Real Property, revised, annotated and adapted to American jurisdictions.

WON'T BEGIN UNTIL OCTOBER 1.

Census Supervisors Must Wait Month Longer than Expected.
The census supervisors in Michigan will not have to begin their work of collecting figures on population until Oct. 1. Director of the Census Bureau saw the President the other day, and informed him that he would not be ready for any of the supervisors until this date. It had been expected that these officials would start work by Sept. 1, but the postponement on the part of the director will give the Michigan congressmen more time to send in their recommendations. So far nearly every member has indicated his choice for census supervisor in the various districts of the State, and they have been approved by Senators Burrows and Smith. There are one or two districts, however, still lacking, and it is not expected that these selections will be made much before Oct. 1, when they can be put to work at once.

MYSTERY CLEARED UP.

Young Englishman Who Disappeared Said Mind Was Giving Way.
The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Albert Sleep, a young Englishman, who disappeared early in May, was cleared by the finding of his clothes at the foot of a bluff 100 feet high, two miles north of Neguac, Quebec. Young boys while picking berries found the clothes and informed the chief of police. In an overcoat pocket was found a note written by Sleep stating he had been in an asylum in England, that his mind was again going wrong, and that he had recently joined a society, bidding farewell to all his friends. It is thought he attempted suicide, but no remains of the body were found. It is said he has been seen since in Cobalt, Canada.

DINNER PAIL COSTS HER LIFE.

Girl Tries to Swim Across Belle River When Backet Fills with Water.
A dinner pail which she had tied around her neck cost the life of Hattie Knight, a young girl of Marine City. She had been working in a beet field in the country and tried to swim herself a long walk by attempting to swim across the Belle river. She removed her shoes, tied her dinner pail about her neck and struck out. When in the middle of the river the pail filled with water and the weight bore her down. She asked the young man who was with her to help her. Instead, he continued on his way to the shore, paying no attention to her. When he reached shore the girl had disappeared. He gave the alarm and the body was recovered later, but life was extinct.

DISLIKED TO CAN FRUIT.

Lansing Wife Regarded It Cruel to Hobby to Make Her Do It.

The grocers shelf, with its too often insipid canned fruit, has largely taken the place of the good old cellar shelf with its home canned sweets, but it has not yet come to pass that the canning of 150 quarts of fruit and 200 quarts of tomatoes is cause for severing the marriage ties. So spoke Judge Wiest of Lansing, in an opinion filed in the divorce case of Lenore Adams against Will J. Adams. Mrs. Adams claimed her husband bought the material and forced her to do the canning, which she declared was a hardship and one of her husband's cruel acts. The divorce was granted, however, on other grounds.

Much Damage at Chassell.
A heavy hail storm did great damage to crops and other property at Chassell. The plant of the Lakeside Floral Company was partially wrecked. Hail stones as large as goose eggs fell.

Houghton Pioneer Is Dead.
Joseph Haas, a pioneer settler and Civil War veteran, is dead in Houghton, aged 84 years. He had been a resident of the Copper country for fifty years.

Dies from Poisoning.
Claud Poquette, aged 19, is dead at Boyne City from the effect of an unknown poison which he must have taken while eating his meals. He ate some green cucumbers which were growing near a potato patch and it is thought some paris green may have gotten on the vegetables.

Barns and Crops Burned.
Fire caused by sparks from a threshing engine destroyed two barns, full of crops, owned by Peter Deward, near Jamestown.

STATEMENT CORRECTED.

Representative Curtis Did Not Leave the House and Was Not Asked to Do So.
A few weeks since an item, culled from statements in the daily papers, was published to the effect that the Speaker of the House escorted Representative Curtis from the House chamber with a warning not to appear at his desk again during that session. We learn, on the authority of Hon. Charles Flowers, that the statement was without foundation. Mr. Flowers says: "Nothing of the kind referred to in the article occurred. Mr. Curtis was not ousted; he was not requested to leave the House; he did not leave the House, or leave Lansing, and never had any intention of doing so. I was myself a member of the Legislature and chairman of the Committee on Judiciary, and my seat was the second one from that of Mr. Curtis, and I was very much astonished that any story of the kind referred to could have been sent out from anywhere." With Mr. Flowers' statement is a copy of an affidavit signed by Speaker Campbell, stating that, after a thorough investigation, he had found that there was no foundation in fact for any charges against Mr. Curtis, and that he did not any time order Mr. Curtis to leave the House or Lansing, and never had thought of or reason for so doing. He further says that Mr. Curtis occupied his seat and exercised his duties during the session, and that the demeanor of the members of the House toward him was cordial and friendly. The statements of these gentlemen should effectually dispose of the matter, and it is to be regretted that the original publication should have been made.

SAYS FIRM RESTRAINS TRADE.

Accuses Company Headed by Chicago Man.

Alleging that the American Seating Company is a combination in restraint of trade, George A. Bullard of Marshall, holder of \$57,550 in stock of the corporation, began suit against the concern in Grand Rapids. Bullard alleges that he represents the minority stockholders, who, he says, were ignored in the 1906 reorganization of the American School Furniture Company, when the American Seating Company was formed. He alleges that the corporation is now losing money for the minority stockholders. Thomas M. Boyd of Chicago is president of the American Seating Company.

WOMEN LEAF FROM FIERY BOAT.

Gasoline Launch Becomes Ignited, but Party Reaches Shore.

While Lillian Cameron, Mrs. Edith Jones and baby of Chicago, Mrs. John Russell and child and several girls, who are with a camping party at Central Lake, were in the Cameron launch, gasoline from the leaking tank was ignited by accident. The launch at the time was several rods from the shore, where the water is six feet deep. The whole party plunged into the lake and reached shore safely. The boat was destroyed. Nearly a dozen prominent families were represented in the party.

MINOR STATE ITEMS.

Michael Bowerman, a veteran of the Civil War and one of the oldest residents of Niles, died Monday. He was 75 years old.

The 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Shaver of Wright township, fell head forward in a tub of water which had been used for a trough to water stock and was drowned.

While bathing in Pine Lake, Bertam Roof, 12 years old, of Boyne City, got beyond his depth and being unable to swim was drowned before aid could reach him.

Under the management of the Eady Shoe Company of Otego, the shoe factory in Plainwell which has been shut down for several months will open within a few weeks.

Stephen Allison, the Milan township farmer charged with stabbing William Russell, was arraigned on a charge of assault with attempt to commit murder, and pleaded not guilty.

John Bogard, a celery grower 59 years of age, was probably fatally injured in a runaway accident in Kalamazoo. His skull was fractured, several ribs broken and he received internal injuries.

Engineer McCarey was killed and three other trainmen were severely injured when a special Grand Rapids and Indiana Railway passenger train collided with a freight at the 1st street crossing in Kalamazoo.

The semi-centennaries of two Houghton churches will be observed this summer, fifty years having elapsed since the founding and dedication of St. Ignatius Catholic and Grace Methodist Episcopal churches of Houghton.

Frederick Lindberg, aged 5 years, whose home is in Chicago, was accidentally drowned at Lake Noyesbay.

Ora Davidson, 18 years old, of Nunica, was accidentally shot in the throat by Joseph Brown, a young man from Chicago, who was cleaning his gun in the rear of the Nunica post-office. The girl was in the postoffice at the time getting her mail. Surgeons operated upon Miss Davidson, removing the bullet, which is 22 caliber, but her life is despaired of.

The annual report of the Calumet & Hecla Mining Company, just issued, is an interesting document. It shows that the company's output of refined copper during its past fiscal year, ending April 30, was \$2,816,230 pounds, an increase of 2,535,764, as compared with the previous year. The price received varied from 15 to 12 cents per pound. Four dividends of \$5 per share each were paid. The production of all the mines in which the Calumet & Hecla holds stock is somewhere over 50,000,000 pounds of refined copper per annum.

Buy the New Royal Sewing Machine

Equal to any made.
For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.

A Discord In a Flat

By Harle Oren Cummins, S. B.

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The Average Man (buttoning up his coat)—Well, dear, I must be off. It's the first of the month, you know, and there's lots to do at the office.

The Highly Strung Woman (tenderly)—Poor old Jack. Has to work like a slave all day, so his little wife can wear the latest things in fashions. The Av. M.—Oh, by the way, I may have some comp. for the Holles to-night. Would you like to go?

The H. S. W.—Would I like to go? Why, you dear old boy, I should say I would.

The Av. M.—Don't plan too much on it, for I may not get the tickets. There's an awful rush for seats, and the "apecs" have bought up almost everything. If I do get them, I'll be home early, and we'll go over to the S. to dinner. (He kisses her and starts for the elevator. She follows him.)

The H. S. W.—How perfectly lovely! But Jack, dear, who's going to give you the tickets? You haven't any friends on the stage, have you?

The Av. M.—Oh, lots of friends you've never heard anything about. Good-by, dear. (He enters the elevator and disappears. The Highly Strung Woman sits down and begins wondering if Jack meant what he said, and if he really has a lot of friends on the stage.)

(Late afternoon. The Highly Strung Woman in the sitting-room of the up-town flat, reading the latest novel. The Average Man enters.)

Mrs. H.—Back so soon, dear, and it's hardly five o'clock? Oh, did you get the tickets?

Mr. H.—Yes, there they are. (Hands her a small theatrical envelope.)

Mrs. H. (tearing envelope open and examining stubs).—What luck! We're way down in D. You'll have to prom-



"I Never Knew Any Chorus Girls."

ice, Jack, not to make goo-goo eyes at any of the chorus girls, for we'll be almost in the bald-headed row.

Mr. H.—You seem to forget that I'm out of college now, and that I have become a sedate old married man of 29. Whew! but I'm tired. (Throws himself down on the couch; she picks up the pass which accompanies the stub and reads the following:)

HOLLES THEATRE.
Pass Two
On account of.....

Not good on Saturdays or Holidays.

Mrs. H. (reading aloud).—On account of Kit. Who on earth is this Kitty, Jack?

Mr. H. (foolishly trying to joke with a highly strung woman).—Why, that's one of the \$40.00 chorus girls. I used to know her before I met you and reformed.

Mrs. H. (excitedly).—You don't mean it, Jack, do you? You don't know any of those horrid creatures; tell me you were just trying to plague me.

Mr. H. (sighing).—Of course I was joking. Don't get so excited, my dear. You fly up like a skyrocket. I never knew any chorus girls.

Mrs. H.—You did, too. Mrs. Medlar told me so the other day, and she knew you before you ever saw me. She says you used to be a regular rouser, Jack.

Mr. H. (energetically).—D—Mrs. Medlar and her continued meddling. If any woman were ever well named, it's she.

Mrs. H.—Now, don't get profane, Jack. There's no need of losing your temper about it. I'm beginning to believe you know some girl in the troupe and that's where you got those complimentary.

Mr. H. (impatiently).—I told you I was only fooling. Besides, chorus girls don't have tickets to give away. They never give away anything. But believe whatever that gossiping old hen tells you. I don't know that it makes much difference.

Mrs. H. (on the verge of tears).—Why, Jack, how can you say such horrid things to me? Of course, it makes all the difference in the world. You know if I really did believe it I'd go back to mother-to-morrow.

Mr. H. (thoroughly exasperated).—Well, that would be pleasant for me than having your mother come here.

(The Highly Strung Woman begins to weep. At the same time the maid enters with Mrs. Medlar, who has run in from the flat below.)

Mrs. H.—Emily!

Mr. H.—D—!

Mrs. M.—Why, Edith, what on earth—

Mrs. H. (tearfully).—Jack's been cruel to me again, that's all. I suppose I ought to get used to it, but I can't.

Mr. H.—Nothing of the kind, Mrs. Medlar. I told her something in fun, and now she insists on believing it, after I've explained it was only a joke.

Mrs. M. (putting her arm around the Highly Strung Woman).—What was it all about, dear?

Mr. H. (irritably).—I don't see the necessity for rehearsing our little family squabbles before every caller. I'm going to dress for the theater. Will you be ready in half an hour, Edith?

Mrs. H.—I don't believe I'll go now, after your being so mean to me. I'll stay at home—and cry my eyes out, probably.

Mr. H.—Don't talk such nonsense. I'll stop in for you when I'm ready. (He walks out.)

Mrs. M.—Now, tell me all about it, dear.

Mrs. H. (picking up the pass, which Mr. H. has left behind, and handing it to the Sympathetic Friend).—There, that's the cause of the whole trouble. You look it over while I fix my hair and bathe my eyes. But I'm not going out with him unless he explains everything, and is nice about it.

Mrs. M. (reading).—Who is Kitty?

Mrs. H. (triumphantly).—That's just what I wanted to know. First he told me it was one of the chorus girls, then, when he saw how I took it, he tried to turn it off as a joke.

Mrs. M.—I don't believe it was a joke, Edith. You know he did use to carry on dreadfully before you married him.

Mrs. H. (beginning to weep again).—He said he never knew any chorus girls.

Mrs. M.—Why, the old hypocrite! That's what his father took him out of Harvard for. He used to chum with Algy Armand, whose uncle ran the Tremont street theater, and both the boys were behind the scenes three or four times a week. Mr. Armand told Mrs. Spencer—

Mrs. H. (hurriedly).—Don't, Emily, I can't bear it. To think we've been married only a year and a half, and Jack said to-night that he'd rather have me go home than to have mother come here.

Mrs. M. (sympathetically).—The brute!

Mrs. H. (sobbing).—N-no, Jack isn't exactly a bru-bru-brute, but he doesn't understand w-o-m-e-n.

Mrs. M.—I wouldn't let my husband say anything like that to me. Why, it's outrageous! I wonder what she looks like? She's probably a bleached blonde.

Mrs. H. (hysterically).—I know what she'd look like if I had her nerve now. I'm not going with him to-night, anyway. Will you stay with me this evening, Emily, and comfort me?

Mrs. M.—Of course I will, you poor, abused dear.

(The Highly Strung Woman rests her head on the Sympathetic Friend's shoulder and weeps copiously. The Average Man knocks lightly on the door, and enters attired in a dress suit.)

Mr. H. (after an awkward pause).—Well, Edith, have you come to your senses yet?

Mrs. H.—N-no, and I'm not coming to it—I mean, I'm not going to see any of your old college friends.

Mr. H. (aside in great disgust).—What foolishness! (Aloud): Come, dear, don't make such a spectacle of yourself. Your nose is getting all red and blotched.

Mrs. M. (under her breath).—What a monster!

Mr. H. (hearing the remark).—Mrs. Medlar (by name and disposition), I think perhaps I had better make an explanation, since you have brought this little misunderstanding of ours to such a climax. It all began by the wording of that pass, which I see you have appropriated. Merely in fun I said it was given to me by a chorus girl I used to know. Now, common sense ought to teach any woman that if such had been the case I wouldn't have told my wife. The Kit on that card is the abbreviation for Frank Kitson, press representative for the Holles. You know him yourself, Mrs. Medlar, and you also know that he and I have been friends for years. Now, I don't want to be inquisitorial, but I think Edith and I can settle this better if we are alone for a few minutes.

Mrs. M. (highly indignant).—Mr. Horvans, you will never have the opportunity of insulting me in this flat again. I will tell my husband what you have said this very night. Good-by, Edith, dear.

(The Sympathetic Friend stalks out of the room. The Highly Strung Woman throws her arms around the Average Man in a moist but affectionate embrace.)

Mrs. H.—You were right, dear, it was all her fault. She stirred me up, as she always does, and she is a meddling old thing. But you ought to have told me in the first place that Kit wasn't a Kitty. Oh heavens! (Catching sight of her face in the glass.) My nose is a sight. Wait a minute and I'll fix it. (She runs to her chiffoniere and manipulates a white, putty thing for a few minutes, then puts on her hat and comes back to him.) "I'm all right now, Jack. Kiss me, and tell me where we're going to dinner."

Woman Wins College Honors.

Miss Mary L. Phillips has just won the highest honors of the year, the university medal, at the California state university. Miss Almira Catherine Johnson, a student in the college of letters, was the first of the student speakers at the recent commencement exercises. Her subject was "California's Spanish Inheritance."

A Milanese engineer has just completed a hydroplane which, it is said, will skim the water at the rate of 135 miles an hour.

BOUGHT PROFESSOR A FLAG.

Students Came to Rescue of Loved Instructor Who Stood Out for Principle.

The late Prof. Arthur Latham Perry of Williams college, the widely-known free trader, was accustomed to edify his political economy classes in the seventies with the statement that he would never buy a flag for the tariff. On his new house until the tariff was taken off bunting.

The class of 1879, in its junior year, determined that the much-loved professor's house should not be without this patriotic adornment indefinitely, as it bade fair to be so far as the tariff and the professor were concerned. Accordingly, a very large flag was bought by class subscription, and one day, at the close of the lecture hour, it was unveiled in the professor's lecture room and presented to the professor by one of the class in a very humorous speech, to which the professor appropriately responded, declaring in his opening sentence: "You could not have done a kinder thing if you had thought ten years."

This flag floated over the professor's house on all patriotic days during the remainder of his life.

When the survivors of the class of 1879 entered the banquet hall recently for their 30th reunion dinner, they were surprised and pleased to find that the family of Perry had caused the wall back of the head of the table to be draped with that old flag—a delicate and touching reminder of a pleasant college episode of 31 years ago.

UPSET FORCE OF ARGUMENT.

Undeniable Truth of Blacksliding Youth's Assertion Somewhat Staggered Teacher.

When the kid went to Sunday school at a time of year when there were no presents being given away and told the teacher he wanted to join the class she felt highly elated. This particular teacher had often noticed the kid while on her way to the school, and had so often urged him to abandon his evil habits of playing marbles on Sunday, swearing, chewing tobacco, smoking and all pleasures, and reform by joining the Sunday school.

The kid's reform, however, seemed too acquiescent to be lasting, but for some time the teacher saw nothing out of the way in his conduct. Apparently all the habits of which she had complained had been cast aside, and he had become an exemplary young man.

That the casting aside of evil doings was not actual, though, was shown when she paid an unexpected weekday visit to him. She found him smoking a cigarette.

"Oh, I am so sorry," she said. "How do you ever expect to go to heaven if you insist on smoking?"

"What's that got to do with it?" he questioned.

"Why, nothing unclean—and your breath is unclean—can enter the gates of heaven."

"Oh," he replied; "I ain't going to let that trouble me. You see, when I die I'm going to leave my breath behind!"—New York Times.

Against the Corset.

A number of Marjolin women of high social standing are carrying on a campaign against the corset. They have formed a league to protest against the distortion of the female figure by the use of corsets. They agree to banish their own stays forever and to work to do away with the evils of tight lacing in Paris itself, where the most fashionable corsets are manufactured. Many prominent men and women have expressed sympathy with the Anti-Corset league. Marcel Prevost, M. Passy and Guy are among those who have enrolled themselves as sympathizers, while scores of doctors have offered to encourage the movement. The league has sent out 50,000 pamphlets to Parisian women demonstrating the evils of the modern corset, but members do not enroll with the league without first being generally welcomed by this world the corset may be denounced every now and then. But women will wear them if they want to; and they certainly are "becoming."

The Help of the Prodigal.

The prodigal son, reformed, or, at any rate, weary of the diet of husks forced upon him by a vindictive police system, had experienced a change of heart and joined the church. The good sisters were discussing his desirability.

"But," expostulated Mrs. Straightlace, with a fine and virtuous display of righteousness, "he was a common gambler—what they call a bunco steamer."

"Isn't it lovely!" exclaimed Mrs. Uppidade. "What a help he will be in getting up our church fairs."

As a wise philosopher once remarked in Latin: "De gustibus non disputandum."

The Mutual Annoyance Society.

"Fine lot of chickens," said the visitor.

"Uh, huh," replied Mr. Sirius Barker. "I suppose you enjoy eating one now and then."

"Those chickens are not to be eaten. I keep 'em to get even with the neighbors."

Society Item.

"The vacation season is now on."

"Yes; I am about to notify the society editors that I have closed my stately hall bedroom for a glidy season of two weeks which will be spent in a palatial tent."—Kansas City Journal.

NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interest in the land herein described, and to the mortgagee or mortgagees named in all undischarged recorded mortgages against said land or any assignee thereof of record:

Take Notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed issued therefore, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in chancery of the county in which the land lies, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereon, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

State of Michigan, County of Crawford. Description. Sec. Town Range Amt pd for year North part of south-east quarter (S. E. 1/4) (34 acres) 4 25N 3W \$4.93 1905 Amount necessary to redeem, \$14.86 plus the fees of the sheriff.

SCOTT LOADER, Place of Business Grayling, Mich. Dated June 19, A. D. 1909.

To Luman J. Miller, Kingston, Mich. John Maude, Detroit, Mich. Grantee under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.

Sheriff's Return of Inability To Locate Party.

STATE OF MICH. S. S. COUNTY OF WAYNE.

I hereby certify and return that after careful inquiry, I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or post office address of John Maude, or his heirs or the whereabouts or post office address of the executor, administrator or trustee or guardian of the said John Maude.

Dated the 8th day of July A. D. 1909. GEORGE F. GASTON, Sheriff.

By ERNEST H. OLIVER, Deputy Sheriff. Fees \$1.20 paid. July 29-09.

NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interest in the land herein described, and to the mortgagee or mortgagees named in all undischarged recorded mortgages against said land or any assignee thereof of record:

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State of Michigan, County of Crawford. Description. Sec. Town Range Amt pd for year W 1/2 of W 1/4 34 26N 3W \$5.77 1905 Amount necessary to redeem, \$16.44 plus the fees of the sheriff.

ARTHUR B. STANLEY, Place of Business Grayling, Mich. Dated July 1st, A. D. 1909.

To Mary A. Westlake, New York. Grantee under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.

Nellie Enstie, Newark, New Jersey, Assignee of Grantee under the last recorded tax deed issued by the Auditor General.

John Staley, Mason, Mich., Assignee of record of all undischarged recorded mortgages.

Office of Sheriff of Crawford county. Grayling, Mich., July 17, 1909.

I hereby certify and return that after careful inquiry, I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or post-office address of Nellie Enstie or of the heirs, or the whereabouts or post-office address of the executor, administrator or trustee or guardian of said Nellie Enstie.

CHAS. W. AMIDON, Sheriff Crawford county. Fees \$1.10.

Postoffice Department Post mark Official Business. 15 and date of delivery.

Original Reg. No. 151 and date of delivery.

Return to Chas. W. Amidon, (name of sender) Postoffice at Grayling, County of Crawford State, Michigan. aug-5-09

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that a mortgage dated the 17th day of December, 1904, was executed by William A. McGovern, of the County of Crawford, Michigan, to The Ancient Order of Gleaners, a Michigan corporation and recorded in the Register of Deeds' office in Crawford county, and state of Michigan, in Liber G of Mortgages, on pages 490-491 on the 17th day of December, 1906.

Secured by said mortgage is a certain lot of land in the conditions of said mortgage and in payment of interest due thereon, whereby the whole sum secured by said mortgage has become due, and is hereby declared to be due, according to the terms of said mortgage, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand six hundred and sixty-one dollars and thirty-three cents. That under the power of sale in said Mortgage contained, said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the Mortgaged premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of September, 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the Village of Grayling in said Crawford county, and that said premises are described in said Mortgage substantially as follows: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the township of Beaver Creek, County of Crawford and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the southwest quarter of section fourteen, the northeast quarter of section twenty-two except sixty acres off the north side thereof, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section fifteen, all in township twenty-five North, of Range four West, and will be sold as aforesaid, to satisfy the amount due on said Mortgage with the interest that may accrue thereon after this date and the cost of foreclosing.

Dated July 1st, 1909.

The Ancient Order of Gleaners, A Michigan Corporation, Mortgagee. QUINN, WILSON & QUINN, Attorneys for Mortgagee. Business Address, Caro Mich, July 1-13

Mortgage Sale.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Louis R. McCurdy, bachelor, to Thomas L. Wilkinson, dated Oct. 15th, 1907, and recorded Oct. 30th, 1907, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crawford County, State of Michigan, in Liber G of Mortgages, page 513. There is claimed due at this date two hundred eighty dollars, and no proceedings at law have been instituted to recover same.

Now therefore by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided on Monday the 30th day of August, 1909, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of the court house, in Grayling, Crawford County, Michigan, the premises described in said mortgage will be sold at public auction, to satisfy amount then due, with cost and attorney fee, to-wit: the following described premises in the township of Maple Forest, County of Crawford, State of Michigan, West half of the north east quarter of section two, township twenty-eight, north of range two west, eighty acres more or less.

Dated, Grayling, Mich., May 25th, 1909.

THOMAS L. WILKINSON, Mortgagee.

S. H. KELLEY, Attorney, June 3-13

Notice of Sale.

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Saginaw, State of Michigan, in favor of Peter Schweitzer, against the goods and chattels and real estate of Seymour J. Yates and James Smith, in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, to me directed and delivered, I did, on the 23rd day of June A. D. 1909, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Seymour J. Yates, in and to the following described lands, to-wit:

South 1/2 of the S. E. 1/4 Section 19, Town 28 North Range 3 West, an undivided 1/2 interest.

N. W. 1/4 of the S. E. 1/4 Section 19, Town 28 North Range 3 West, an undivided 1/2 interest.

S. E. 1/4 of the N. E. 1/4 Section 19, Town 28 North Range 3 West an undivided 1/2 interest.

South 1/2 of the S. E. 1/4 Section 17, Town 28 North Range 3 West, an undivided 1/2 interest.

N. W. 1/4 of the S. E. 1/4 Section 17, Town 28 North Range 3 West, an undivided 1/2 interest.

North 1/2 of the N. E. 1/4 Section 17, Town 28 North Range 3 West an undivided 1/2 interest.

East 1/2 of the N. W. 1/4 Section 17, Town 28 North Range 3 West, an undivided 1/2 interest.

S. W. 1/4 of the S. W. 1/4 Section 17, Town 28 North Range 3 West, an undivided 1/2 interest.

S. E. 1/4 of the N. W. 1/4 Section 25, Town 28 North Range 4 West, all of which said real estate is located in the County of Crawford, and State of Michigan. Also—

Lot 5, Block 1, Brown & Johnson's Addition to the Village of Frederic, County of Crawford, State of Michigan.

Lots 10, 11 and 12, Block 3, Brown & Johnson's Addition to the Village of Frederic, County of Crawford, State of Michigan.

Lots No. 1 and 3, Block 5, Brown & Johnson's Addition to the Village of Frederic, County of Crawford, State of Michigan.

All of which I shall expose for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, of the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, in the Village of Grayling in said County of Crawford, and State of Michigan, that being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County of Crawford: on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1909, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated, Crawford County, Michigan, this 23rd day of June, A. D. 1909.

CHAS. W. AMIDON, Sheriff of Crawford County, Mich. HUGO P. GEISLER, Attorney. 301-2 Gleason Block, Saginaw, Mich. July 1-09

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Dated July 1st, 1909.

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Dated, Grayling, Mich., May 25th, 1909.

THOMAS L. WILKINSON, Mortgagee.

S. H. KELLEY, Attorney, June 3-13

Griswold House

DETROIT, MICHIGAN

European Plan

200 Rooms	100 Rooms	50 Rooms
with running water	with private bath	Large, well lighted, for families, with bath
Per Day \$1.00	Per Day \$1.50	Per Day \$2.00

Dining Room and Cafe

Club Breakfast from 25 cents up	Table d'Hote dinner at noon and night, 50 cents
Large, well lighted dining room on upper floor, and cafe grill room on ground floor.	Lady waiters in main dining room